





# With advanced technology built in, these mew inverters can be used for multiple purposes!



# Gentler on the environment

# Complies with European regulations that limit the use of specific hazardous substances (RoHS).

comply with European regulations (except for interior soldering in the power module.)) Use of 6 hazardous substances is limited. (Products manufactured beginning in the autumn of 2005 will These inverters are gentle on the environment.

Lead, Mercury, Cadmium, Hexavalent Chromium, Polybrominated biphenyl (PBB), Polybrominated <Six Hazardous Substances> diphenyl ether (PBDE)

European Parliament and European Council, limits the use of specific hazardous substances included in The Directive 2002/95/EC, promulgated by the electrical and electronic devices.

# THE PARTY OF THE P

# Noise is reduced by the built-in EMC filter.

Use of a built-in EMC filter that reduces noise generated by the inverter makes it possible to reduce the effect on

Service Life

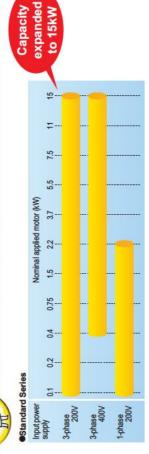
## Long-life design

Limited Life Component This helps to extend the internal component with The design life of each extended to 10 years. maintenance cycle for imited life has been

## 10 years 10 years Electrolytic capacitors on the printed circuit board Main circuit capacitors Cooling fan

Conditions: Ambient temperature is 40°C and load factor is 30% of the invester's rated current.

# Expanded capacity range and abundant model variation



## Semi-Standard type

· EMC filter built-in type

## Option card

PG interface card (5V type)(12V type) Synchronized operation card -RS-485 communication card









## Through "slip compensation control" + "voltage tuning," speed Shortened setting time in slip compensation control control accuracy at low speeds is improved. This minimizes variations in speed control accuracy at times when the load varies, and since the time at creep speeds is shortened, single cycle tact times can be shortened.

Compatible with PG feedback control

The highest standards of control and performance in its class.

With speed feedback

Improved speed control accuracy

improves conveyor positioning

accuracy.

# Equipped with the highest level CPU for its class!

 Improves measuring accuracy on a scale. Positioning time can be shortened

> The highest level CPU of any inverter is used. Computation and processing capacity is doubled over the previous inverter, improving speed control accuracy.

Tripless deceleration by automatic deceleration control

## **OCPU** speed comparison





## The inverter controls the

# Optimum for the operations specific to vertical and horizontal conveyance

Capacity

# Hit-and-stop control is realized more easily!

stop control) can be selected, making it easy to adjust brake deceleration stop, but switching from torque limitation to current limitation and generating a holding torque (hit-andapplication and Impacts are detected mechanically and not only can the inverter's operation pattern be set on coast-to-stop or

release timing.



# Inclusion of a brake signal makes it even more convenient.

After the motor operates, torque generation is detected and At brake release time

## signals are output. At brake application time

Brake application that matches the timing can be done, and so mechanical brake wear is reduced

# Limit operations can be selected to match your equipment!

Inverters are equipped with two limit operations, "torque limitation" and "current limitation," so either can be selected to match the equipment you are using the inverter with. ■ Torque limitation

In order to protect mechanical systems, this function accurately limits the torque generated by the motor. (Instantaneous torque cannot be limited.)

protect the motor thermally or to provide rough load limitation. (Instantaneous current cannot be limited. Auto This function limits the current flowing to the motor to uning is not required.) Current limitation

-2-



## Simple and thorough maintenance

## The life information on each of the inverter's limited life components is displayed.

Main circuit capacitor capacity

Cumulative running time of the electrolytic capacitor on the printed circuit board.



Cooling fan cumulative running time

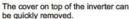
Inverter cumulative running time

## Simple cooling fan replacement!

Construction is simple, enabling quick removal of the top cover and making it easy to replace the cooling fan. (5.5kW or higher models)

## Cooling fan replacement procedure







Simply disconnect the power connector and replace the cooling

## Information that contributes to equipment maintenance is displayed!

In addition to inverter maintenance information, data that also take equipment maintenance into consideration are displayed.

Item	Purpose
Motor cumulative running time (hr)	The actual cumulative running time of the equipment (motor) the inverter is being used with is calculated. <a href="Example of use">Example of use</a> If the inverter is used to control a fan, this information is an indication of the timing for replacing the belt that is used on the pulleys.
Number of starts (times)	The number of times the inverter starts and stops can be counted. <a href="Example of use">Example of use</a> The number of equipment starts and stops is recorded, and so this information can be used as a guideline for parts replacement timing in equipment in which starting and stopping puts a heavy load on the machinery.

## The alarm history records the latest four incidents.

Detailed information can be checked for the four most recent alarms.



## Simple operation, simple wiring

## A removable keypad is standard equipment.

The keypad can be easily removed and reset, making remote operation possible. If the back cover packed with the inverter is installed and a LAN cable is used, the keypad can be easily mounted on the equipment's control panel.



## A removable interface card is adapted.

Wiring is quite easy because the interface card can be attached and detached as a terminal base for control signals.



The following option cards are available.

Option card names	Installation method
RS-485 communication card	Built in the inverter (replaced with the standard interface card)
PG interface card (for 5V)	Built in the inverter (replaced with the standard interface card)
PG interface card (for 12V)	Built in the inverter (replaced with the standard interface card)
CC-Link card	Front installation type
DeviceNet card	Front installation type
DIO card	Front installation type
SY (synchronized operation) card	Front installation type
PROFIBUS-DP card	Front installation type (Available soon)

Note) The inverter that can be used with the SY card includes special specifications. When ordering the SY card, please order together with the inverter in a set.

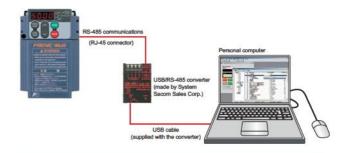
## A multi-function keypad which enables a wide variety of operations is available.

A multi-function keypad is available as an option. This keypad features a large 7-segment LED with five digits and large back-lighted liquid crystal panel. Its view-ability is high, and guidance is displayed on the liquid crystal panel, therefore operations can be conducted simply. (A copy function is included.)



## Inverter support loader software is available. (On sale soon)

Windows compatible loader software is available to simplify the setting and management of function codes.



## Simulated failure enables peripheral device operation checks.

The inverter has the function for outputting dummy alarm signals, enabling simple checking of sequence operations of peripheral devices from the control panel where the inverter is used.



## Consideration of peripheral equipment, and a full range of protective functions!

## Side-by-side mounting saves space!

If your control panel is designed to use multiple inverters, these inverters make it possible to save space through their horizontal side-by-side installation. (3.7kW or smaller models)



(The 3-phase 200V, 0.75kW model is shown here.)

## Resistors for suppressing inrush current are built in, making it possible to reduce the capacity of peripheral equipment.

When FRENIC-Multi Series (including FRENIC-Mini Series, FRENIC-Eco Series and 11 Series) is used, the built-in resistor suppresses the inrush current generated when the motor starts. Therefore, it is possible to select peripheral equipment with lower capacity when designing your system than the equipment needed for direct connection to the motor.

## Outside panel cooling is also made possible using the mounting adapter for external cooling (option).

The mounting adapter for external cooling (option) can be installed easily as an outside panel cooling system. This function is standard on 5.5kW or higher models.

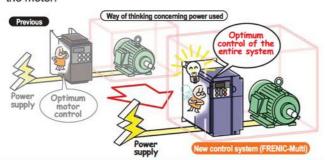


## You can use an inverter equipped with functions like these

## First time in

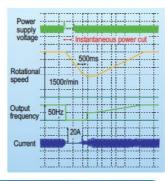
## New system for more energy-efficient operation!

Previous energy saving operation functions worked only to control the motor's loss to keep it at a minimum in accordance with the load condition. In the newly developed FRENIC-Multi Series, the focus has been switched away from the motor alone to both the motor and the inverter as electrical products. As a result, we incorporated a new control system (optimum and minimum power control) that minimizes the power consumed by the inverter itself (inverter loss) and the loss of the motor.



## Smooth starts through the pick-up function!

In the case where a fan is not being run by the inverter but is turning free, the fan's speed is checked, regardless of its rotational direction, and operation of the fan is picked up to start the fan smoothly. This function is convenient in such cases as when switching instantaneously from commercial power supply to the inverter.



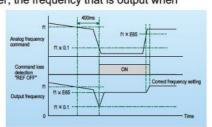
## Equipped with a full range of PID control functions!

Differential alarm and absolute value alarm outputs have been added for PID adjusters which carry out process controls such as temperature, pressure and flow volume control. In addition, an anti-reset windup function to prevent PID control overshoot and other PID control functions which can be adjusted easily through PID output limiter, integral hold/reset signals are provided. The PID output limiter and integral hold/reset signals can also be used in cases where the inverter is used for dancer control.

## Operating signal trouble is avoided by the command loss detection function!

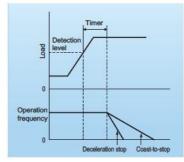
If frequency signals connected to the inverter (0 to 10V, 4 to 20mA, Multi-speed signals, communications, etc.) are interrupted, the missing frequency commands are detected as a "command loss." Further, the frequency that is output when

command loss occurs can be set in advance, so operation can be continued even in cases where the frequency signal lines are cut due to mechanical vibrations of the equipment, etc.



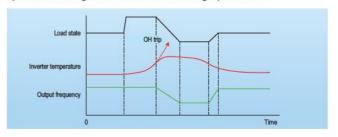
## An overload stop function protects equipment from over-operation!

If the load on equipment suddenly becomes great while controlled by the inverter, the inverter can be switched to deceleration stop or to coast-to-stop operation to prevent damage to the equipment.



## Continuous equipment operation with overload avoidance control!

If foreign matter gets wrapped around a fan or pulley and the load increases, resulting in a sudden temperature rise in the inverter or an abnormal rise in the ambient temperature, etc. and the inverter becomes overloaded, it reduces the motor's speed, reducing the load and continuing operation.





## Fully compatible with network operation

## RS-485 communications (connector) is standard!

A connector (RJ-45) that is compatible with RS-485 communications is standard equipment (1 port, also used for keypad communications), so the inverter can be connected easily using a LAN cable (10BASE).



## Complies with optional networks using option cards. (Available soon)

Installation of special interface cards (option) makes it possible to connect to the following networks.

DeviceNet

- CC-Link (Available soon)
- ·PROFIBUS-DP (Available soon)

## Wiring is easy with the RS-485 communications card (optional)!

The RS-485 communications card is also available as an option. When it is installed, you can add a branch connection that is separate from the communications port provided as standard equipment (RJ-45 connector), and have two communications ports.



## ■ Important Points

- (1) A separate branch adaptor is not required because of two ports.
- (2) The built-in terminal ting resistor makes provision of a separate terminal ting resistor unnecessary.
- Example of connection configuration with peripheral equipment





## Global compatibility





- Complies with standards
- Sink/Source switchable
- Wide voltage range
- The multi-function keypad displays multiple languages (Japanese,
- English, German, French, Spanish, Italian, Chinese, Korean).
  - \* This product supports multiple languages such as Japanese, English, German, French, Spanish and Italian. Another multiple language version is also available, which supports Japanese, English, Chinese, Korean and simplified Chinese. (Contact us for the detail separately.)



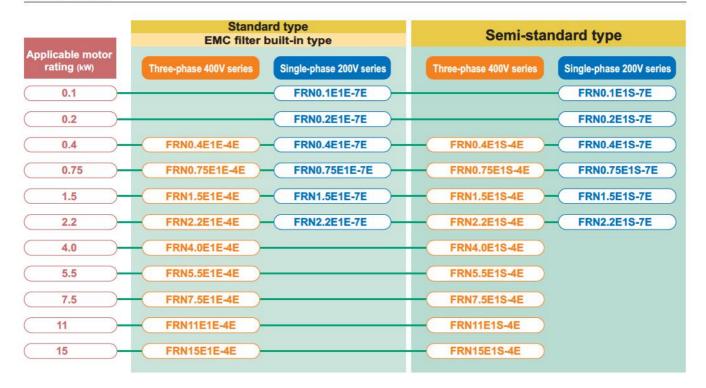
Safety **Precautions** 

- Use the contents of this catalog only for selecting product types and models. When using a product, read the
  Instruction Manual beforehand to use the product correctly.
   Products introduced in this catalog have not been designed or manufactured for such applications in a system
  or equipment that will affect human bodies or lives. Customers, who want to use the products introduced in this catalog for special systems or devices such as for atomic-energy control, aerospace use, medical use, and traffic control, are requested to consult the Fuji's Sales Division. Customers are requested to prepare safety measures when they apply the products introduced in this catalog to such systems or facilities that will affect human lives or cause severe damage to property if the products become faulty.

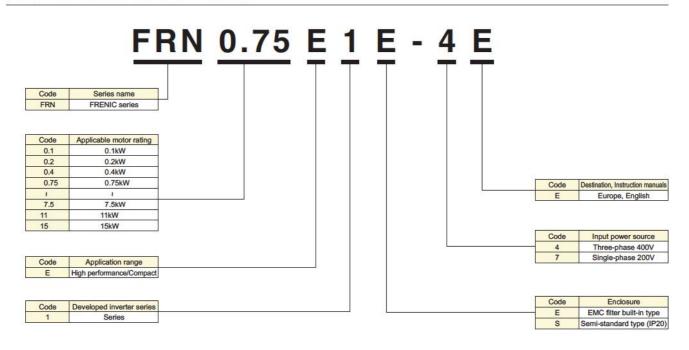


## **Variation**

## **Model List**



## How to read the inverter model



Caution The contents of this catalog are provided to help you select the product model that is best for you. Before actual use, be sure to read the User's Manual thoroughly to assure correct operation.

## **Specifications**

## Standard type

## EMC filter built-in type ■Three-phase 400V series (0.4 to 15kW)

		Item					Sp	pecification	ns				
Туре	e (FRN□□□	E1E-4E)		0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	4.0	5.5	7.5	11	15	
Non	ninal applied	motor [kW] (*1)	)	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	4.0	5.5	7.5	11	15	
"	Rated capa	acity [kVA] (*2)		1.1	1.9	2.8	4.1	6.8	9.9	13	18	22	
ting	Rated volta	age [V] (*3)		Three-pha	ase 380 to 48	30V (with AV	R)			220	20		
Output ratings	Rated curre	ent [A] (*4)		1.5	2.5	3.7	5.5	9.0	13	18	24	30	
Outp	Overload c	apability		150% of r	ated current	for 1min or 2	200% of rate	d current for	0.5s				
	Rated frequ	uency		50, 60Hz									
	Phases, vo	ltage, frequency	y	Three-pha	ase, 380 to 4	80V, 50/60H	z						
sbu	Voltage/fre	quency variation	ns	Voltage: +	-10 to -15% (	(Voltage unb	alance: 2% d	or less(*7)),	Frequency: +	-5 to -5%			
Input ratings	Date dame	+ [4] (+0)	(with DCR)	0.85	1.6	3.0	4.4	7.3	10.6	14.4	21.1	28.8	
ndu	Rated current [A] (*8)	(without DCR)	1.7	3.1	5.9	8.2	13.0	17.3	23.2	33.0	43.8		
_	Required power supply capacity [kVA] (*5)		0.6	1.1	2.0	2.9	4.9	7.4	10	15	20		
g	Torque [%]	(*6)		1	00	70	1.9	40		2	20		
Braking	DC injectio	n braking		Starting frequency: 0.0 to 60.0Hz, Braking time: 0.0 to 30.0s, Braking level: 0 to 100%									
ā	Braking tra	nsistor		Built-in									
App	licable safet	ty standards		UL508C,C22.2No.14 (pending), EN50178:1997									
Enc	losure			IP20 (IEC60529)/UL open type (UL50)									
Coo	ling method			Natural cooling Fan cooling									
EMC	C standard	Emission		Class 1A	(EN55011:19	998/A1:1999	)		2nd Env. (	EN61800-3:1	1996+A11:20	00)	
com	pliance	Immunity		2nd Env.	(EN61800-3:	1996/A11:20	000)		X1				
Wei	ght / Mass [i	kg]		1.5	1.6	2.5	2.5	3.0	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	

## ■Single-phase 200V series (0.1 to 2.2kW)

		Item				Specifica	tions						
Тур	e (FRN	□E1E-7E)		0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2				
No	minal applie	d motor [kW] (*1)	)	0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2				
	Rated cap	acity [kVA] (*2)		0.30	0.57	1.1	1.9	3.0	4.1				
gg	Rated volt	age [V] (*3)		Three-phase 200V to 240V (with AVR)									
Output ratings	Rated curr	ent [A] (*4)		0.8 (0.7)	1.5 (1.4)	3.0 (2.5)	5.0 (4.2)	8.0 (7.0)	11 (10)				
Out	Overload o	capability		150% of rated current for 1min or 200% of rated current for 0.5s									
	Rated freq	uency [Hz]		50, 60Hz									
	Phases, vo	oltage, frequency	у	Single-phase, 20	Single-phase, 200 to 240V, 50/60Hz								
ngs	Voltage/fre	equency variation	ns	Voltage: +10 to	-10%, Frequency: +	-5 to -5%		We We	-				
Input ratings	D-4-1		(with DCR)	1.1 2.0		3.5	6.4	11.6	17.5				
ndu	Rated current [A] (*8)		(without DCR)	1.8	3.3	5.4	9.7	16.4	24.8				
	Required p	ower supply cap	pacity [kVA] (*5)	0.3	0.4	0.7	1.3	2.4	3.5				
g.	Torque [%]	(*6)		150 100			00	70	40				
Braking	DC injection	n braking		Starting frequency: 0.0 to 60.0Hz, Braking time: 0.0 to 30.0s, Braking level: 0 to 100%									
B	Braking tra	ansistor		Built-in									
App	plicable safe	ty standards		UL508C, C22.2No.14 (pending), EN50178:1997									
End	closure			IP20 (IEC60529)/UL open type (UL50)									
Co	oling method	ı		Natural cooling Fan cooling									
EM	IC standard	Emission		Class 1A (EN55011:1998/A1:1999)									
cor	mpliance	Immunity		2nd Env. (EN61	800-3:1996/A11:20	00)							
We	ight / Mass	[kg]		0.7	0.7	0.8	1.3	2.5	3.0				



## Semi-standard type

## ■Three-phase 400V series (0.4 to 15kW)

	Item					Sp	ecification	ns			
Тур	pe (FRN□□□E1S-4E)		0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	4.0	5.5	7.5	11	15
No	minal applied motor [kW] (*1	)	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2	4.0	5.5	7.5	11	15
m	Rated capacity [kVA] (*2)		1.1	1.9	2.8	4.1	6.8	9.9	13	18	22
Output ratings	Rated voltage [V] (*3)		Three-pha	se 380V to	480V (with A	VR)					
nt ra	Rated current [A] (*4)		1.5	2.5	3.7	5.5	9.0	13	18	24	30
Outp	Overload capability		150% of r	ated current	for 1min or 2	200% of rate	d current for	0.5s			
0	Rated frequency [Hz]		50, 60Hz								
	Phases, voltage, frequency	y	Three-pha	ase, 380 to 4	80V, 50/60H	z					
ngs	Voltage/frequency variation	Voltage: +	-10 to -15%	(Voltage unb	alance : 2%	or less(*7)) F	requency: +	5 to -5%			
Input ratings	Rated current [A] (*8)	(with DCR)	0.85	1.6	3.0	4.4	7.3	10.6	14.4	21.1	28.8
ndu		(without DCR)	1.7	3.1	5.9	8.2	13.0	17.3	23.2	33.0	43.8
_	Required power supply ca	pacity [kVA] (*5)	0.6	1.1	2.0	2.9	4.9	7.4	10	15	20
gr.	Torque [%] (*6)		1	00	70		40		2	0	
Braking	DC injection braking		Starting fr	equency: 0.	0 to 60.0Hz,	Braking time	: 0.0 to 30.0s	s, Braking le	vel: 0 to 100°	%	
8	Braking transistor		Built-in								
App	plicable safety standards		UL508C, C22.2No.14 (pending), EN50178:1997								
End	closure		IP20 (IEC60529)/UL open type (UL50)								
Co	oling method		Natural co	ooling	Fan cool	ing					
We	eight / Mass [kg]		1.1	1.2	1.7	1.7	2.3	3.4	3.6	6.1	7.1

## ■Single-phase 200V series (0.1 to 2.2kW)

	Item				Specificat	tions					
Typ	e (FRN□□□E1S-7E)		0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2			
No	minal applied motor [kW] (*1)		0.1	0.2	0.4	0.75	1.5	2.2			
	Rated capacity [kVA] (*2)		0.3	0.57	1.1	1.9	3.0	4.1			
sbi	Rated voltage [V] (*3)		Three-phase 200	0V to 240V (with A)	/R)						
Output ratings	Rated current [A] (*4)		0.8 (0.7)	1.5 (1.4)	3.0 (2.5)	5.0 (4.2)	8.0 (7.0)	11 (10)			
O	Overload capability		150% of rated c	urrent for 1min or 2	00% of rated curre	nt for 0.5s	<del></del>				
	Rated frequency [Hz]		50, 60Hz								
	Phases, voltage, frequency		Single-phase, 20	00 to 240V, 50/60H	z						
ngs	Voltage/frequency variations		Voltage: +10 to -10%, Frequency: +5 to -5%								
t rat	Reted current [A] (*9) (with DCR)	(with DCR)	1.1	2.0	3.5	6.4	11.6	17.5			
Input ratings	Rated current [A] (*8)	(without DCR)	1.8	3.3	5.4	9.7	16.4	24.8			
1000	Required power supply capac	city [kVA] (*5)	0.3	0.4	0.7	1.3	2.4	3.5			
DC.	Torque [%] (*6)		15	60	10	00	70	40			
Braking	DC injection braking		Starting frequen	cy: 0.0 to 60.0Hz,	Braking time: 0.0 to	30.0s, Braking le	vel: 0 to 100%				
В	Braking transistor		Built-in								
App	olicable safety standards		UL508C, C22.2No.14 (pending), EN50178:1997								
End	closure		IP20 (IEC60529)/UL open type (UL50)								
Co	oling method		Natural cooling Fan cooling								
We	ight / Mass [kg]		0.6	0.6	0.7	0.9	1.8	2.4			

<sup>(\*1)</sup> Fuji's 4-pole standard motor

(\*2) Rated capacity is calculated by regarding the output rated voltage as 220V for three-phase 200V series.

(\*3) Output voltage cannot exceed the power supply voltage.

(\*4) The load shall be reduced so that the continuous operating current is the rated current in parenthesis or less if the carrier frequency is set to 4kHz or above.

(\*5) Obtained when a DC REACTOR is used.

(\*6) Average braking torque when a motor of no load decelerates. (Varies with the efficiency of the motor.)

(\*7) Voltage unbalance [%] = Max. voltage [V] - Min. voltage [V] x 67 (IEC61800-3(5.2.3))

If this value is 2 to 3%, use an AC REACTOR.

(\*8) The currents are calculated on the condition that the inverters are connected to power supply of 500kVA, %x=5%.



## Specifications

## Common specifications

		Item			Explanation	Remarks	Related function co
		Maximum frequency			ble setting		F03
	range	Base frequency	_		ble setting		F04
	g ra	Starting frequency			able setting, Duration: 0.0 to 10.0s		F23,F24
dneuck	Setting	Carrier frequency	0.75 to 1	5KHZ var	iable setting	Frequency may drop automatically to protect the inverter depending on environmental temperature and output current. This protective operation can be canceled by function code H98.	F26 F27 H98
Output frequency	Ad	ccuracy (Stability)			±0.2% of maximum frequency (at 25±10°C) ±0.01% of maximum frequency (at -10 to +50°C)		
3	Se	etting resolution	<ul> <li>Keypad</li> </ul>	tting: Sel	I/3000 of maximum frequency (ex. 0.02Hz at 60Hz, 0.4Hz at 120Hz) 0.01Hz (99.99Hz or less), 0.1Hz (100.0Hz or more) ectable from 2 types 2000 of maximum frequency (ex. 0.003Hz at 60Hz, 0.006Hz at 120Hz) 01Hz (fixed)	Setting with and keys	
-	C	ontrol method	V/f control		rque-vector control (magnetic flux estimator) • V/f control (with sensor, when the PG interface card (option) is installed)		
33	-	oltage/freq. characteristic	Possible	to set ou	tput voltage at base frequency and at maximum output frequency (common spec).	Three-phase 200V, single-phase 200V: 80 to 240V	F03 to F06
		(Non-linear V/f setting)			turned ON or OFF (Factory setting: OFF). voltage and frequency can be set.)	Three-phase 400V: 160 to 500V  Three-phase and single-phase 200V: 0 to 240V/0 to 400Hz  Three-phase 400V: 0 to 500V/0 to 400Hz	H50 to H53
8	To	orque boost	Torque b	oost can	be set with the function code F09.	Set when 0, 1, 3, or 4 is selected at F37.	F09, F37
		(Load selection)	Select ap 0: Squa 1: Cons 2: Auto 3: Auto 4: Auto	oplication red varia tant torque torque be energy-s energy-s	load type with the function code F37. ble torque load ue load		F09, F37
	-	arting torque	NECESTAL PROPERTY.	over (Au	to torque boost in 0.5Hz operation, slip compensation and auto torque boost)		H68, F37
	St	art/stop	Keypad operation	Start a	nd stop with RUN and STOP keys	Keypad (standard)	F02
					nd stop with RVD / (REV) and SID keys	Multi-function keypad	F02
			External		7digital inputs): FWD (REV), RUN, STOP commands (3 wire operation possible), o-stop, external alarm, alarm reset, etc.		E01 to E05 E98, E99
			Linked or		Operation through RS485 or field buss (option) communications		H30, y98
	L		Switching	operation o	ommand: Link switching, switching between communication and inverter (keypad or external signals)		
	Fr	equency setting	Key oper	ration: Ca	in be set with and keys	With data protection	F01, C30
		8	External	volume:	Can be set with external potentiometer (1 to 5kΩ1/2W)	Connected to analog input terminals 13, 12, and 11. Potentiometer must be provided.	
			Analog in	put	Analog input can be set with external voltage/current input  • 0 to ±10V DC (0 to ±5V DC)/0 to ±100% (terminal 12, C1 (V2))  • +4 to +20mA DC/0 to 100% (terminal C1)	to +5V DC can be used depending on the analog input gain (200%). +1 to +5V DC can be adjusted with bias and analog input gain.     Voltage can be input (terminal V2) to the terminal 1.	F18, C50, C32 to C34, C37 to C39, C42 to C44
			Multistep	frequenc	cy: Selectable from 16 steps (step 0 to 15)		C05 to C19
			UP/DOW	/N operat	ion: Frequency can be increased or decreased while the digital input signal is ON.		F01, C30
Control				frequenc	Frequency can be set through RS-485 or field buss (optional) communications. y setting: Frequency setting can be switched (2 settings) with external signal (digital input).		H30, y98 F01, C30
Š		3	Auxiliary	frequenc	g to frequency setting via communication and multi-frequency setting are available. y setting: Terminal 12 input and terminal C1 input (terminal V2 input) can be added setting as auxiliary frequency.		E61 to E63
			Inverse o		Normal/inverse operation can be set or switched with digital input signal and		C53
			ľ	• +10 to	n code setting. o VV DC /0 to 100% (terminal 12, C1 (V2)) s +4mA DC/0 to 100% (terminal C1)		
			Pulse tra		30kHz (max.)/ Maximum output frequency	When the PG interface card (optional) is installed.	
33	Ac	cceleration/deceleration time		is set, the	e time setting is cancelled and acceleration and deceleration is made battern given with an external signal.		F07, F08
		9			eleration time can be independently set with 2 types and selected with digital input signal (1 point).		E10,E11
		(Curve)			deceleration pattern can be selected from 4 types:		H07
					S-curve (weak), S-curve (strong), Non-linear		
9	-	nguanou limite-	110100000000000000000000000000000000000	THE RESERVE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN	coasting can be stopped with operation stop command.  ters can be set. (Setting range: 0 to 400Hz)	If the set fraguency is lower than lower limit and	H11 F15, F16
		equency limiter pper limit and lower limit frequencies)	riigii and	COM IIII)	con so doc (coming range. V to 400Ft2)	If the set frequency is lower than lower limit, continuous motor running or stop running motor can be selected.	H63
100	Bi				ncy and PID command can be independently set (setting range: 0 to ±100%).		F18, C50 to C5
	SHX.	ain	NEADOWN TOWN	A contract of	can be set between 0 and 200%.	Voltage signal from terminal 12, C1 (V2) and current signal (from terminal C1) can be set independently.	C32, C34, C37 C39, C42, C44
ė	( line	mp frequency mer operation	-	VIII COLORED TO A	pints and their common jump width (0 to 30.0Hz) can be set.  Ites and stops for the time set with the keypad (1-cycle operation).		C01 to C04
80	-		1110 111101	COLUMN TO SERVICE STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE	using digital input signal or keypad.		H54
80 00 00	Ti	gging operation		ation and	deceleration time (same duration used only for logging) can be set.		CZU
20 20 20	Jo	gging operation	Accelera     Jogging	frequen	deceleration time (same duration used only for jogging) can be set.		C20
	Jo Au		Accelera     Jogging     Restarts     Select     Restart at	s the inve Continuo OHz, resta			F14 H13 to H16 H92, H93
	Jo Au	gging operation	Accelerate     Jogging     Restarts     Select *     Restart at     Motor sy     Controls     Can be	s the inve Continuo 0Hz, resta peed at r s the outp	cy: 0.00 to 400.0Hz  rter without stopping the motor after instantaneous power failure.  us motor mode" to wait for the power recovering with low output frequency.  If from the frequency used before momentary power failure, restart at the set frequency can be selected.  estart can be searched and restarted.  but torque lower than the set limit value.  to the second torque limit with digital input signal.		F14 H13 to H16 H92, H93 F40, F41 E16, E17
	Au po	gging operation uto-restart after momentary wer failure  orque limit	Accelerate     Jogging     Restarts     Select **     Restart at     Motor si     Controls     Can be     Soft start	s the inve Continuo OHz, resta peed at r s the out switched rt (filter fi	cy: 0.00 to 400.0Hz  rter without stopping the motor after instantaneous power failure.  us motor mode* to wait for the power recovering with low output frequency.  It from the frequency used before momentary power failure, restart at the set frequency can be selected.  estart can be searched and restarted.  but torque lower than the set limit value.  to the second torque limit with digital input signal.  unction) is available when switching the torque control to 1/2.		F14 H13 to H16 H92, H93 F40, F41 E16, E17 H76
	Au po	gging operation uto-restart after momentary wer failure	Accelerate     Jogging     Restarts     Select "     Restart at     Motor sy     Controls     Can be     Soft star Keeps th     Comper	frequence s the inver- Continuo 0Hz, resta peed at r s the outp switched rt (filter fi- ne current	cy: 0.00 to 400.0Hz  rter without stopping the motor after instantaneous power failure.  us motor mode" to wait for the power recovering with low output frequency.  If from the frequency used before momentary power failure, restart at the set frequency can be selected.  estart can be searched and restarted.  but torque lower than the set limit value.  to the second torque limit with digital input signal.		F14 H13 to H16 H92, H93 F40, F41 E16, E17



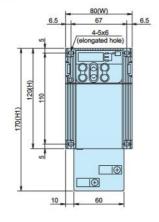
	Item	Explanation	Remarks	Related function con
1	PID control	Control with PID regulator or dancer controller.		E61 to E63
		■ Process command		J01 to J06
		• Key operation ( and keys) : 0 to 100%		J10 to J19
		Analog input (terminal 12, C1 (V2)) : 0 to ±10V DC/0 to ±100%     Analog input (terminal C1) : 4 to 20mA DC/0 to 100%		
		UP/DOWN (digital input) : 0 to 100%		
		Communication (RS-485, bus option) : 0 to 20000/0 to 100%		
		■ Feedback value		
		Analog input from terminal 12, C1 (V2): 0 to ±10V DC/0 to ±100%		
		Analog input (terminal C1) : 4 to 20mA DC/0 to 100%		
		■ Accessory functions		
		Alarm output (absolute value alarm, deviation alarm)     Normal operation/inverse operation		
		PID output limiter     Anti-reset wind-up function     Integration reset/hold		
1	Pick-up	Operation begins at a preset pick-up frequency to search for the motor speed to start an idling motor without stopping it.		H09, H13, H
. 1	Automatic deceleration	When the torque calculation value exceeds the limit level set for the inverter during deceleration, the output	Trip may occur due to load conditions.	H69, F08
	31.000.00	frequency is automatically controlled and the deceleration time automatically extends to avoid an UU trip.		120000000000000000000000000000000000000
5	Deceleration characteristic	The motor loss increases during deceleration to reduce the load energy regenerating at the inverter		H71
	4,50 (A) (1512) 8 (2 / 4) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A) (A	to avoid an Utrip upon mode selection.		Section 1
1	Automatic energy-saving operation	The output voltage is controlled to minimize the total sum of the motor loss and inverter loss at a constant speed.		F37, F09
-	Overload Prevention Control	The output frequency is automatically reduced to suppress the overload protection trip o inverter		H70
	THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY O	caused by an increase in the ambient temperature, operation frequency, motor load or the like.		1886,000
	Auto-tuning	The motor parameters are automatically tuned.	Mode that the motor rotates and mode that the motor does not rotate can be selected.	P04
1	Cooling fan ON/OFF control	Detects inverter internal temperature and stops cooling fan when the temperature is low.	An external output is issued in a transistor output signal.	H06
-	Secondary motor setting	One inverter can be used to control two motors by switching (switching is not available while a motor is running). Base		
8	occordary motor country	frequency, rated current, torque boost, electronic thermal, slip compensation can be set as data for the secondary motor.		
		The second motor constants can be set in the inverter. (Auto-tuning possible)		
1	Universal DI	The presence of digital signal in a device externally connected to the set terminal can be sent to the master controller.		
-	Universal AO	The output from the master controller can be output from the terminal FM.		
- 4	Speed control	The motor speed can be detected with the pulse encoder and speed can be controlled.	When the PG interface card (optional) Is installed.	
	Positioning control	Only one program can be executed by setting the number of pulses to the stop position and deceleration point.	When the PG interface card (optional) is installed.	
-	1755 T. 1755 T		rmen trie PG interface card (optional) is installed.	
_	Rotation direction control	Select either of reverse prevention or forward rotation prevention.		
	Running/stopping	Speed monitor, output current [A], output voltage [V], torque calculation value, input power [kW],		E43
		PID reference value, PID feedback value, PID output, load factor, motor output, period for timer operation [s]  Select the speed monitor to be displayed from the following:		
		Output frequency [Hz], Output frequency 1 [Hz] (before slip compensation),		E48
		Output frequency 2 (after slip compensation) [Hz],		
		Motor speed (set value) [r/min],		
		Motor speed [r/min], Load shaft speed (set value) [r/min],		
		Load shaft speed (r/min),		
		Line speed (set value), Line speed (r/min)		
1	Life early warning	The life early warning of the main circuit capacitors, capacitors on the PC boards and the cooling fan can be displayed.	An external output is issued in a transistor output signal.	
	Cumulative run hours	The cumulative motor running hours, cumulative inverter running hours and cumulative watt-hours can be displayed.	NO. 100 STACE 1	
	I/O check	Displays the input signal status of the inverter.		
3	Power monitor	Displays input power (momentary), accumulated power, electricity cost (accumulated power x displayed coefficient).		
2	Trip mode	Displays the cause of trip by codes.	S	
		Largo (Input phase loss)   Largo (Input phase		
		E [ (Memory error)     E [ Cyling a communication error)     E [ Cyling a communication error)     E [ Fy (Option err		
		F G (Optional communication error)     F G (Option error)		
	Principa or trip mode	• Er Y (Optional communication emor) • Er S (Option emor) • Er R (RS-485 communication emor) • Er F (Data save emor due to undervoltage) • Er P (RS-485 communication emor) • Er H (Power LSI emor) • Er C (Simulation emor)		F52
_	Running or trip mode	• € ← ¼ (Optional communication error) • € ← ⑤ (Operation error) • € ← ⑥ (Operation error) • € ← ဨ (Ro485 communication error) • € ← ဨ (Operation error) • € ← ဨ (Operati		E52
-	Overcurrent protection	• E r 4 (Optional communication error) • E r 5 (Operation error) • E r 7 (Tuning error) • E r 7 (Tuning error) • E r 8 (RS455 communication error) • E r 9 (RS455 communication error) • E r 9 (RS455 communication error) • E r 9 (Sex555 communication error) • E r 9 (Optional communication error) •		E52
	Overcurrent protection Short circuit protection	• E r 5 (Option a communication error) • E r 5 (Option error) • E r 7 (Tuning error) • E r 8 (RS-485 communication error) • E r 9 (RS45 communication error) • E r 9 (RS45 communication error) • E r 9 (Simulation error) • E r 1 (Simulation error) • E r 1 (Simulation error) • E r 1 (Simulation error) • E r 2 (Simulation error) • E r 2 (Simulation error) • E r 3 (Simulation error) • E r 5 (Option error) • E r 6 (Operation error) • E r 7 (Ope		E52
	Overcurrent protection	• Er Y (Optional communication emor) • Er S (Option emor) • Er B (RS485 communication emor) • Er B (RS485 communication emor) • Er P (Simulation emor) • Er P (Data save emor due to undervoltage) • Er P (Data save emor due		E52
3	Overcurrent protection Short circuit protection	• E r 5 (Option a communication error) • E r 5 (Option error) • E r 7 (Tuning error) • E r 8 (RS-485 communication error) • E r 9 (RS45 communication error) • E r 9 (RS45 communication error) • E r 9 (Simulation error) • E r 1 (Simulation error) • E r 1 (Simulation error) • E r 1 (Simulation error) • E r 2 (Simulation error) • E r 2 (Simulation error) • E r 3 (Simulation error) • E r 5 (Option error) • E r 6 (Operation error) • E r 7 (Ope	3-phase 200V / 400V DC, Single-phase 200V/400V DC	E52
3	Overcurrent protection Short circuit protection Grounding fault protection	• Er Y (Optional communication emor) • Er S (Option emor) • Er B (RS485 communication emor) • Er B (RS485 communication emor) • Er P (Simulation emor) • Er P (Data save emor due to undervoltage) • Er P (Data save emor due	3-phase 200V / 400V DC, Single-phase 200V/400V DC 3-phase 400V / 800V D	E52
-	Overcurrent protection Short circuit protection Grounding fault protection	• Er Y (Optional communication emor) • Er S (Option emor) • Er B (RS485 communication emor) • Er B (RS485 communication emor) • Er P (Simulation emor) • Er P (Data save emor due to undervoltage) • Er P (Data save emor due		E52
-	Overcurrent protection Short circuit protection Grounding fault protection Overvoltage protection	• E r \$ (Optional communication error) • E r 5 (Operation error) • E r 7 (Tuning error) • E r 8 (RS485 communication error) • E r 9 (Option error) •	3-phase 400V / 800V D	
-	Overcurrent protection Short circuit protection Grounding fault protection Overvoltage protection	• E r \$ (Optional communication error) • E r 5 (Operation error) • E r 7 (Tuning error) • E r 8 (RS485 communication error) • E r 9 (Option error) •	3-phase 400V / 800V D 3-phase 200V / 200V DC, Single-phase 200V/400V DC 3-phase 400V / 400V DC	
	Overcurrent protection Short circuit protection Grounding fault protection Overvoltage protection Undervoltage	• E F (Option emory) • E F (Data communication emory) • E F (Data communication emory) • E F (Data save emor due to undervoltage) • E F (Data save emor due to undervoltage) • E F (Externative emor/option) • E F (Externative emor/option) • E F (Data save emor due to undervoltage) • E F (Simulation emor) • E F (Osta save emor due to undervoltage) • E F (Osta save emor	3-phase 400V / 800V D 3-phase 200V / 200V DC, Single-phase 200V/400V DC 3-phase 400V / 400V DC The protective function can be canceled with function code 99.	F14 H98
	Overcurrent protection Short circuit protection Grounding fault protection Overvoltage protection Undervoltage Input phase loss Output phase loss	* E \( \frac{F} \) (Optional communication error) * E \( \in \frac{F} \) (Optional communication error) * E \( \in \frac{F} \) (Optional communication error) * E \( \in \frac{F} \) (Data save error due to undervoltage) * E \( \in \frac{F} \) (R845 communication error) * E \( \in \frac{F} \) (R845 communication error) * E \( \in \frac{F} \) (R845 communication error) * E \( \in \frac{F} \) (R845 communication error) * E \( \in \frac{F} \) (R845 communication error) * E \( \in \frac{F} \) (Data save error due to undervoltage) * E \( \in \frac{F} \) (R845 communication error) * E \( \in \frac{F} \) (Simulation error) * E \( \in \frac{F} \) (Simulation error) * E \( \in \frac{F} \) (Optional communication error) * E \( \in \frac{F} \) (Data save error due to undervoltage) * E \( \in \frac{F} \) (Optional communication error) * E \( \in \frac{F} \) (Data save error due to undervoltage) * E \( \in \frac{F} \) (Data save error due to undervoltage) * E \( \in \frac{F} \) (Data save error due to undervoltage) * E \( \in \frac{F} \) (Optional communication error) * E \( \in \frac{F} \) (Data save error due to undervoltage) * E \( \in \frac{F} \) (Optional communication error) * E \( \in \frac{F} \) (Data save error due to undervoltage) * E \( \in \frac{F} \) (Sectional error) * E \( \in \frac{F} \) (Sectional error) * E \( \in \frac{F} \) (Data save error due to undervoltage) * E \( \in \frac{F} \) (Simulation error) * E \( \in \frac{F} \) (Sim	3-phase 400V / 800V D 3-phase 200V / 200V DC, Single-phase 200V/400V DC 3-phase 400V / 400V DC	F14 H98 H98
	Overcurrent protection Short circuit protection Grounding fault protection Overvoltage protection Undervoltage Input phase loss Output phase loss Overheating	* E \( \frac{F} \) (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) 5 (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) 5 (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) 6 (Next Section error) * E \( \tau \) 6 (Next Section error) * E \( \tau \) 6 (Next Section error) * E \( \tau \) 6 (Next Section error) * E \( \tau \) 6 (Next Seave error due to undervoltage) * E \( \tau \) 6 (Next Seave error due to undervoltage) * E \( \tau \) 7 (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) 6 (Next Seave error due to undervoltage) * E \( \tau \) 7 (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) 7 (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) 6 (Next Seave error due to undervoltage) * E \( \tau \) 6 (Next Seave error due to undervoltage) * E \( \tau \) 6 (Next Seave error due to undervoltage) * E \( \tau \) 6 (Next Seave error due to undervoltage) * E \( \tau \) 7 (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) 6 (Next Seave error due to undervoltage) * E \( \tau \) 7 (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) 6 (Next Seave error due to undervoltage) * E \( \tau \) 7 (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) 6 (Next Seave error due to undervoltage) * E \( \tau \) 7 (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) 7 (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) 7 (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) 7 (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) 7 (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) 7 (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) 7 (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) 7 (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) 7 (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) 7 (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) 7 (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) 7 (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) 7 (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) 7 (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) 7 (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) 7 (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) 7 (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) 7 (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) 7 (Optional communica	3-phase 400V / 800V D 3-phase 200V / 200V DC, Single-phase 200V/400V DC 3-phase 400V / 400V DC The protective function can be canceled with function code 99.	F14 H98
	Overcurrent protection Short circuit protection Grounding fault protection Overvoltage protection Undervoltage Input phase loss Output phase loss	• E F (Optional communication error) • E F (Option error) • E F (Optional communication error) • E F (Optional communicat	3-phase 400V / 800V D 3-phase 200V / 200V DC, Single-phase 200V/400V DC 3-phase 400V / 400V DC The protective function can be canceled with function code 99.	F14 H98 H98
	Overcurrent protection Short circuit protection Grounding fault protection Overvoltage protection Undervoltage Input phase loss Output phase loss Overheating Overload	• E F (Optional communication error) • E F (Option	3-phase 400V / 800V D 3-phase 200V / 200V DC, Single-phase 200V/400V DC 3-phase 400V / 400V DC The protective function can be canceled with function code 99. The protective function can be canceled with function code 99.	F14 H98 H98 H43
	Overcurrent protection Short circuit protection Grounding fault protection Overvoltage protection Undervoltage Input phase loss Output phase loss Overheating Overload	* E \( \frac{F} \) (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) E \( \frac{F} \) (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \frac{F} \) (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \frac{F} \) (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \frac{F} \) (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \frac{F} \) (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \frac{F} \) (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \frac{F} \) (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \frac{F} \) (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \frac{F} \) (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \frac{F} \) (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \frac{F} \) (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \frac{F} \) (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \frac{F} \) (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \frac{F} \) (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \frac{F} \) (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \frac{F} \) (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \frac{F} \) (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \frac{F} \) (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \frac{F} \) (Simulation error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \tau \) (Simulation error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \tau \) (Simulation error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \tau \) (Simulation error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \tau \) (Simulation error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \tau \) (Simulation error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \tau \) (Simulation error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \tau \) (Simulation error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \tau \) (Simulation error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \tau \) (Simulation error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \tau \) (Simulation error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \tau \) (Simulation error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \tau \) (Simulation error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \tau \) (Simulation error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \tau \) (Simulation error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \tau \) (Simulation error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \tau \) (Simulation error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \tau \) (Simulation error) * E \( \tau	3-phase 400V / 800V D 3-phase 200V / 200V DC, Single-phase 200V/400V DC 3-phase 400V / 400V DC The protective function can be canceled with function code 99.	F14 H98 H98 H43
	Overcurrent protection Short circuit protection Grounding fault protection Overvoltage protection Undervoltage Input phase loss Output phase loss Overheating Overload  Electronic thermal PTC thermistor	* E \ F \ (!Optional communication emor) * E \ F \ S (!Optional communication emor) * E \ F (!Optional communication emor) * E \ F \ S (!Optional communication emor) * E \ F \ S (!Optional communication emor) * E \ F \ S (!Optional communication emor) * E \ F \ S (!Optional communication emor) * E \ F \ S (!Optional communication emor) * E \ F \ S (!Optional communication emor) * E \ F \ S (!Optional communication emor) * E \ F \ S (!Optional communication emor) * (!Optional communication emor) * (!Optional communication emor) * (!Opti	3-phase 400V / 800V D 3-phase 200V / 200V DC, Single-phase 200V/400V DC 3-phase 400V / 400V DC The protective function can be canceled with function code 99. The protective function can be canceled with function code 99.	F14 H98 H98 H43 F10 to F12, P9 H26, H27
1	Overcurrent protection Short circuit protection Grounding fault protection Overvoltage protection Undervoltage Input phase loss Output phase loss Overheating Overload  Electronic thermal PTC thermistor	* E \( \frac{F} \) (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) E \( \frac{F} \) (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \frac{F} \) (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \frac{F} \) (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \frac{F} \) (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \frac{F} \) (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \frac{F} \) (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \frac{F} \) (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \frac{F} \) (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \frac{F} \) (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \frac{F} \) (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \frac{F} \) (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \frac{F} \) (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \frac{F} \) (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \frac{F} \) (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \frac{F} \) (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \frac{F} \) (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \frac{F} \) (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \frac{F} \) (Optional communication error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \frac{F} \) (Simulation error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \tau \) (Simulation error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \tau \) (Simulation error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \tau \) (Simulation error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \tau \) (Simulation error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \tau \) (Simulation error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \tau \) (Simulation error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \tau \) (Simulation error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \tau \) (Simulation error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \tau \) (Simulation error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \tau \) (Simulation error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \tau \) (Simulation error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \tau \) (Simulation error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \tau \) (Simulation error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \tau \) (Simulation error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \tau \) (Simulation error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \tau \) (Simulation error) * E \( \tau \) F \( \tau \) (Simulation error) * E \( \tau	3-phase 400V / 800V D 3-phase 200V / 200V DC, Single-phase 200V/400V DC 3-phase 400V / 400V DC The protective function can be canceled with function code 99. The protective function can be canceled with function code 99.	F14 H98 H98 H43 F10 to F12, P9 H26, H27 F10, F12, E:
	Overcurrent protection Short circuit protection Grounding fault protection Overvoltage protection Undervoltage Input phase loss Output phase loss Overheating Overload  Electronic thermal PTC thermistor Overload early warning	• E F (Optional communication error) • E F (Option	3-phase 400V / 800V D 3-phase 200V / 200V DC, Single-phase 200V/400V DC 3-phase 400V / 400V DC The protective function can be canceled with function code 99. The protective function can be canceled with function code 99.	F14 H98 H98 H43 F10 to F12, P9 H26, H27 F10, F12, E E35, P99
	Overcurrent protection Short circuit protection Grounding fault protection Overvoltage protection Undervoltage Input phase loss Output phase loss Overheating Overload  Electronic thermal PTC thermistor Overload early warning Stall prevention	* E F (loptional communication emor) * E F (soption emory) * E F (soptional communication emor) * E F F (soptiona	3-phase 400V / 800V D 3-phase 200V / 200V DC, Single-phase 200V/400V DC 3-phase 400V / 400V DC The protective function can be canceled with function code 99. The protective function can be canceled with function code 99.	F14 H98 H98 H43 F10 to F12, P9 H26, H27 F10, F12, E: E35, P99 H12
	Overcurrent protection Short circuit protection Grounding fault protection Overvoltage protection Undervoltage Imput phase loss Output phase loss Overheating Overload  Electronic thermal PTC thermistor Overload early warning Stall prevention Momentary power failure	• E F (Optional communication error) • E F (Opt	3-phase 400V / 800V D 3-phase 200V / 200V DC, Single-phase 200V/400V DC 3-phase 400V / 400V DC The protective function can be canceled with function code 99. The protective function can be canceled with function code 99.	F14 H98 H98 H43 F10 to F12, P9 H26, H27 F10, F12, E: E35, P99 H12 H13 to H16
	Overcurrent protection Short circuit protection Grounding fault protection Overvoltage protection Undervoltage Input phase loss Output phase loss Overheating Overload  Electronic thermal PTC thermistor Overload early warning Stall prevention Momentary power failure protection	• E F (Optional communication error) • E F (Opt	3-phase 400V / 800V D 3-phase 200V / 200V DC, Single-phase 200V/400V DC 3-phase 400V / 400V DC The protective function can be canceled with function code 99. The protective function can be canceled with function code 99.	F14 H98 H43 F10 to F12, P9 H26, H27 F10, F12, E35, P99 H12 H13 to H16 F14
	Overcurrent protection Short circuit protection Grounding fault protection Overvoltage protection Undervoltage Imput phase loss Output phase loss Overheating Overload  Electronic thermal PTC thermistor Overload early warning Stall prevention Momentary power failure	• E F (Optional communication error) • E F (Data) • E F (Data) • E F (Data save error due to undervoltage) • E F E (Data save error due to undervoltage) • E F E (Data save error due to undervoltage) • E F E (Data save error due to undervoltage) • E F E (Data save error due to undervoltage) • E F E (Data save error due to undervoltage) • E F E E (Data save error due to undervoltage) • E F E E (Data save error due to undervoltage) • E F E (Data save error due to undervoltage) • E F E (Data save error d	3-phase 400V / 800V D 3-phase 200V / 200V DC, Single-phase 200V/400V DC 3-phase 400V / 400V DC The protective function can be canceled with function code 99. The protective function can be canceled with function code 99.  Thermal time constant can be adjusted (0.5 to 75.0min.)  Waiting time before resetting and the number	F14 H98 H98 H43 F10 to F12, P9 H26, H27 F10, F12, E: E35, P99 H12 H13 to H16
	Overcurrent protection Short circuit protection Grounding fault protection Overvoltage protection Undervoltage Input phase loss Output phase loss Overheating Overload  Electronic thermal PTC thermistor Overload early warning Stall prevention Momentary power failure protection Retry function	* E r 3 (loptional communication emor) * E r 5 (Option emory) * E r 6 (Operation emor) * E r 7 (Tuning emor) * E r 8 (RS-485 communication emor) * E r 7 (Data save emor due to undervoltage) * E r 7 (Tuning emor) * E r 7 (Data save emor due to undervoltage) * E r 7 (RS-485 communication emor) * E r 7 (Data save emor due to undervoltage) * E r 7 (Data save emor due to undervoltage) * E r 7 (Data save emor due to undervoltage) * E r 7 (Data save emor due to undervoltage) * E r 7 (Data save emor due to undervoltage) * E r 7 (Data save emor due to undervoltage) * E r 7 (Data save emor due to undervoltage) * E r 7 (Data save emor due to undervoltage) * E r 7 (Data save emor due to undervoltage) * E r 7 (Data save emor due to undervoltage) * E r 7 (Data save emor due to undervoltage) * E r 7 (Data save emor due to undervoltage) * E r 8 (Data save emor due to undervoltage	3-phase 400V / 800V D 3-phase 200V / 200V DC, Single-phase 200V/400V DC 3-phase 400V / 400V DC The protective function can be canceled with function code 99. The protective function can be canceled with function code 99.  Thermal time constant can be adjusted (0.5 to 75.0min.)	F14 H98 H98 H43 F10 to F12, P9 H26, H27 F10, F12, E: E35, P99 H12 H13 to H16 F14 H04, H05
	Overcurrent protection Short circuit protection Grounding fault protection Overvoltage protection Undervoltage Input phase loss Output phase loss Overheating Overload  Electronic thermal PTC thermistor Overload early warning Stall prevention Momentary power failure protection	* E P (Robinal communication emor) * E P (Soption emory) * E P (Robat Save emor due to undervoltage) * E P (Robat Save emor due to undervoltage) * E P (Robat Save emor due to undervoltage) * E P (Robat Save emor due to undervoltage) * E P (Robat Save emor due to undervoltage) * E P (Robat Save emor due to undervoltage) * E P (Robat Save emor due to undervoltage) * E P (Robat Save emor due to undervoltage) * E P (Robat Save emor due to undervoltage) * E P (Robat Save emor due to undervoltage) * E P (Robat Save emor due to undervoltage) * E P (Robat Save emor due to undervoltage) * E P (Robat Save emor) * E P (Robat Save emo	3-phase 400V / 800V D 3-phase 200V / 200V DC, Single-phase 200V/400V DC 3-phase 400V / 400V DC The protective function can be canceled with function code 99. The protective function can be canceled with function code 99.  Thermal time constant can be adjusted (0.5 to 75.0min.)  Waiting time before resetting and the number	F14 H98 H43 F10 to F12, P9 H26, H27 F10, F12, E35, P99 H12 H13 to H16 F14
	Overcurrent protection Short circuit protection Grounding fault protection Overvoltage protection Undervoltage Input phase loss Output phase loss Overheating Overload  Electronic thermal PTC thermistor Overload early warning Stall prevention Momentary power failure protection Retry function	* E r 3 (loptional communication emor) * E r 5 (Option emory) * E r 6 (Operation emor) * E r 7 (Tuning emor) * E r 8 (RS-485 communication emor) * E r 7 (Data save emor due to undervoltage) * E r 7 (Tuning emor) * E r 7 (Data save emor due to undervoltage) * E r 7 (RS-485 communication emor) * E r 7 (Data save emor due to undervoltage) * E r 7 (Data save emor due to undervoltage) * E r 7 (Data save emor due to undervoltage) * E r 7 (Data save emor due to undervoltage) * E r 7 (Data save emor due to undervoltage) * E r 7 (Data save emor due to undervoltage) * E r 7 (Data save emor due to undervoltage) * E r 7 (Data save emor due to undervoltage) * E r 7 (Data save emor due to undervoltage) * E r 7 (Data save emor due to undervoltage) * E r 7 (Data save emor due to undervoltage) * E r 7 (Data save emor due to undervoltage) * E r 8 (Data save emor due to undervoltage	3-phase 400V / 800V D 3-phase 200V / 200V DC, Single-phase 200V/400V DC 3-phase 400V / 400V DC The protective function can be canceled with function code 99. The protective function can be canceled with function code 99.  Thermal time constant can be adjusted (0.5 to 75.0min.)  Waiting time before resetting and the number	F14 H98 H98 H43 F10 to F12, P9 H26, H27 F10, F12, E: E35, P99 H12 H13 to H16 F14 H04, H05
	Overcurrent protection Short circuit protection Grounding fault protection Overvoltage protection Undervoltage Input phase loss Output phase loss Overheating Overload  Electronic thermal PTC thermistor Overload early warning Stall prevention Momentary power failure protection Retry function Command loss detection	* Er 5 (Optiona communication error) * Er 5 (Optiona communication error) * Er 7 (Tuning error) * Er 7 (Tuning error) * Er 7 (Rests communication error) * Rests communication error erro	3-phase 400V / 800V D 3-phase 200V / 200V DC, Single-phase 200V/400V DC 3-phase 400V / 400V DC The protective function can be canceled with function code 99. The protective function can be canceled with function code 99.  Thermal time constant can be adjusted (0.5 to 75.0min.)  Waiting time before resetting and the number	F14 H98 H98 H43 F10 to F12, P9 H26, H27 F10, F12, E3 E35, P99 H12 H13 to H16 F14 H04, H05
	Overcurrent protection Short circuit protection Grounding fault protection Overvoltage protection Undervoltage Input phase loss Output phase loss Overheating Overload  Electronic thermal PTC thermistor Overload early warning Stall prevention Momentary power failure protection Retry function Command loss detection Installation location	* E F (Optiona communication error) * E F (Septiona communication error) * E F (Septiona communication error) * E F (Septiona communication error) * E F (Optiona communication error) * E F (Optional communication error) * E	3-phase 400V / 800V D 3-phase 200V / 200V DC, Single-phase 200V/400V DC 3-phase 400V / 400V DC The protective function can be canceled with function code 99.  The protective function can be canceled with function code 99.  Themal time constant can be adjusted (0.5 to 75.0min.)  Waiting time before resetting and the number of retry times can be set.	F14 H98 H98 H43 F10 to F12, P9 H26, H27 F10, F12, E: E35, P99 H12 H13 to H16 F14 H04, H05
	Overcurrent protection Short circuit protection Grounding fault protection Overvoltage protection Undervoltage Input phase loss Output phase loss Overheating Overload  Electronic thermal PTC thermistor Overload early warning Stall prevention Momentary power failure protection Retry function Command loss detection Installation location Ambient temperature	* Er 5 (Optiona communication error) * Er 5 (Optiona communication error) * Er 7 (Tuning error) * Er 7 (Tuning error) * Er 7 (RS45 communication error) * Er 7 (Settionation error) * Er 7 (Settionation error) * Er 7 (Optionation error) * Er 7	3-phase 400V / 800V D 3-phase 200V / 200V DC, Single-phase 200V/400V DC 3-phase 400V / 400V DC The protective function can be canceled with function code 99. The protective function can be canceled with function code 99.  Thermal time constant can be adjusted (0.5 to 75.0min.)  Waiting time before resetting and the number	F14 H98 H98 H43 F10 to F12, P9 H26, H27 F10, F12, E: E35, P99 H12 H13 to H16 F14 H04, H05
	Overcurrent protection Short circuit protection Grounding fault protection Overvoltage protection Undervoltage Input phase loss Output phase loss Overheating Overload  Electronic thermal PTC thermistor Overload early warning Stall prevention Momentary power failure protection Retry function Command loss detection Installation location Ambient temperature Ambient temperature Ambient moderation Grounding fault protection Installation location Ambient temperature Ambient temperature	* E P (Coptional communication emor) * E P (Coption emory) * E P (Coptional communication emor) * E P (Coptional coptional copti	3-phase 400V / 800V D 3-phase 200V / 200V DC, Single-phase 200V/400V DC 3-phase 400V / 400V DC The protective function can be canceled with function code 99.  The protective function can be canceled with function code 99.  The protective function can be canceled with function code 99.  Thermal time constant can be adjusted (0.5 to 75.0min.)  Waiting time before resetting and the number of retry times can be set.	F14 H98 H98 H43 F10 to F12, P9 H26, H27 F10, F12, E3 E35, P99 H12 H13 to H16 F14 H04, H05
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Overcurrent protection Short circuit protection Grounding fault protection Overvoltage protection Undervoltage Input phase loss Output phase loss Overheating Overload  Electronic thermal PTC thermistor Overload early warning Stall prevention Momentary power failure protection Retry function Command loss detection Installation location Ambient temperature	* E P (Coptional communication emor) * E P S (Optional communicational emor) * E P S (Optional communication	3-phase 400V / 800V D 3-phase 200V / 200V DC, Single-phase 200V/400V DC 3-phase 400V / 400V DC The protective function can be canceled with function code 99.  The protective function can be canceled with function code 99.  Thermal time constant can be adjusted (0.5 to 75.0min.)  Waiting time before resetting and the number of retry times can be set.  *10 to 40°C when inveters are installed side by side without clearance.  * If the altitude exceeds 2,000m, insulate	F14 H98 H98 H43 F10 to F12, P9 H26, H27 F10, F12, E: E35, P99 H12 H13 to H16 F14 H04, H05
	Overcurrent protection Short circuit protection Grounding fault protection Overvoltage protection Undervoltage Input phase loss Output phase loss Overheating Overload  Electronic thermal PTC thermistor Overload early warning Stall prevention Momentary power failure protection Retry function Command loss detection Installation location Ambient temperature Ambient temperature Ambient moderation Grounding fault protection Installation location Ambient temperature Ambient temperature	* E P (Robinal communication emor) * E P S (Option emory) * E P S (Operation emor) * E P S (Option emory) * E P S	3-phase 400V / 800V D 3-phase 200V / 200V DC, Single-phase 200V/400V DC 3-phase 400V / 400V DC The protective function can be canceled with function code 99.  The protective function can be canceled with function code 99.  The protective function can be adjusted (0.5 to 75.0min.)  Thermal time constant can be adjusted (0.5 to 75.0min.)  Waiting time before resetting and the number of retry times can be set.  -10 to 40°C when inverters are installed side by side without clearance.  * If the altitude exceeds 2,000m, insulate the interface circuit from the main power	F14 H98 H98 H43 F10 to F12, P9 H26, H27 F10, F12, E: E35, P99 H12 H13 to H16 F14 H04, H05
	Overcurrent protection Short circuit protection Grounding fault protection Overvoltage protection Undervoltage Input phase loss Output phase loss Overheating Overload  Electronic thermal PTC thermistor Overload early warning Stall prevention Momentary power failure protection Retry function Command loss detection Installation location Ambient temperature Ambient temperature Ambient moderation Grounding fault protection Installation location Ambient temperature Ambient temperature	* E P (Coptional communication emor) * E P (Coption emory) * E P (Coptional communication emor) * E P (Coptional coptional copti	3-phase 400V / 800V D 3-phase 200V / 200V DC, Single-phase 200V/400V DC 3-phase 400V / 400V DC The protective function can be canceled with function code 99.  The protective function can be canceled with function code 99.  Thermal time constant can be adjusted (0.5 to 75.0min.)  Waiting time before resetting and the number of retry times can be set.  *10 to 40°C when inveters are installed side by side without clearance.  * If the altitude exceeds 2,000m, insulate	F14 H98 H98 H43 F10 to F12, P9 H26, H27 F10, F12, E: E35, P99 H12 H13 to H16 F14 H04, H05
	Overcurrent protection Short circuit protection Grounding fault protection Overvoltage protection Undervoltage Input phase loss Output phase loss Overheating Overload  Electronic thermal PTC thermistor Overload early warning Stall prevention Momentary power failure protection Retry function Command loss detection Installation location Ambient temperature Ambient temperature Ambient moderation Grounding fault protection Installation location Ambient temperature Ambient temperature	* E P (Robinal communication emor) * E P S (Option emory) * E P S (Operation emor) * E P S (Option emory) * E P S	3-phase 400V / 800V D 3-phase 200V / 200V DC, Single-phase 200V/400V DC 3-phase 400V / 400V DC The protective function can be canceled with function code 99.  The protective function can be canceled with function code 99.  The protective function can be canceled with function code 99.  The protective function can be adjusted (0.5 to 75.0min.)  Waiting time constant can be adjusted (0.5 to 75.0min.)  Waiting time before resetting and the number of retry times can be set.  10 to 40°C when inverters are installed side by side without clearance.  * If the altitude exceeds 2,000m, insulate the interface circuit from the main power supply to conform to the Low Voltage	F14 H98 H98 H43 F10 to F12, P9 H26, H27 F10, F12, E: E35, P99 H12 H13 to H16 F14 H04, H05
	Overcurrent protection Short circuit protection Grounding fault protection Overvoltage protection Undervoltage Input phase loss Output phase loss Overheating Overload  Electronic thermal PTC thermistor Overload early warning Stall prevention Momentary power failure protection Retry function Command loss detection Installation location Ambient temperature Ambient temperature Ambient moderation Grounding fault protection Installation location Ambient temperature Ambient temperature	* E P (Coptional communication emor) * E P (Coption emory) * E P (Coptional communication emor) * E P (Coptional coptional copti	3-phase 400V / 800V D 3-phase 200V / 200V DC, Single-phase 200V/400V DC 3-phase 400V / 400V DC The protective function can be canceled with function code 99.  The protective function can be canceled with function code 99.  The protective function can be canceled with function code 99.  The protective function can be adjusted (0.5 to 75.0min.)  Waiting time constant can be adjusted (0.5 to 75.0min.)  Waiting time before resetting and the number of retry times can be set.  10 to 40°C when inverters are installed side by side without clearance.  * If the altitude exceeds 2,000m, insulate the interface circuit from the main power supply to conform to the Low Voltage	F14 H98 H98 H43 F10 to F12, P9 H26, H27 F10, F12, E: E35, P99 H12 H13 to H16 F14 H04, H05
	Overcurrent protection Short circuit protection Grounding fault protection Overvoltage protection Undervoltage Input phase loss Output phase loss Overheating Overload  Electronic thermal PTC thermistor Overload early warning Stall prevention Momentary power failure protection Retry function Command loss detection Installation location Ambient temperature Ambient humidity Altitude	* E P (Coptional communication emor) * E P (Coption emory) * E P (Coptional communication emor) * E P (Coptional coptional copti	3-phase 400V / 800V D 3-phase 200V / 200V DC, Single-phase 200V/400V DC 3-phase 400V / 400V DC The protective function can be canceled with function code 99.  The protective function can be canceled with function code 99.  The protective function can be canceled with function code 99.  The protective function can be adjusted (0.5 to 75.0min.)  Waiting time constant can be adjusted (0.5 to 75.0min.)  Waiting time before resetting and the number of retry times can be set.  10 to 40°C when inverters are installed side by side without clearance.  * If the altitude exceeds 2,000m, insulate the interface circuit from the main power supply to conform to the Low Voltage	F14 H98 H98 H43 F10 to F12, P9 H26, H27 F10, F12, E: E35, P99 H12 H13 to H16 F14 H04, H05



## **External Dimensions**

## •Inverter main body (EMC filter built-in type)

Fig. a



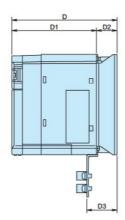
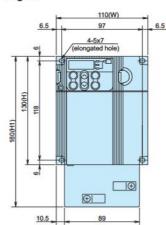


Fig. b



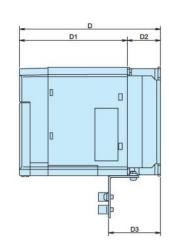
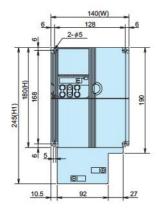


Fig.c



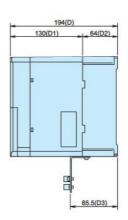


Fig. d

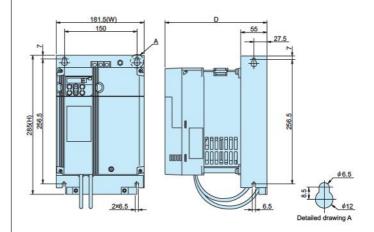
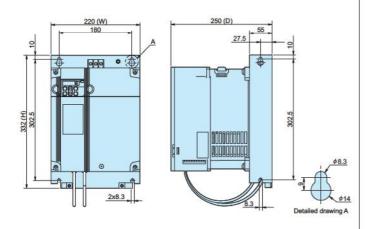


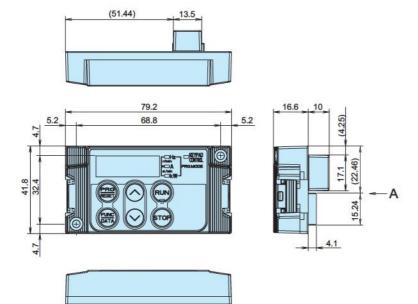
Fig. e

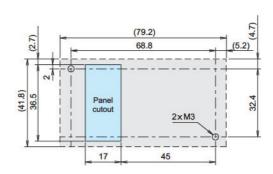




Power supply	Invertor type	Fig.			Dimension	on (mm)			
voltage	Inverter type	ı ıg.	W	H	H1	D	D1	D2	D3
	FRN0.4E1E-4E	b	110	130	180	169	129	40	61.5
	FRN0.75E1E-4E	U	110	130	100	193	129	64	85.5
	FRN1.5E1E-4E								
Three-phase	FRN2.2E1E-4E	С	140	180	245	194	130	64	85.5
400V	FRN3.7E1E-4E				19000000	11/2003		2000	Sales and
	FRN5.5E1E-4E	d	181.5	285		208	_		
	FRN7.5E1E-4E	u	181.5	285	_	208	_	_	_
	FRN11E1E-4E		220	332		250			
	FRN15E1E-4E	е	220	332		250	- <del></del> -		_
	FRN0.1E1E-7E					440		40	24.0
	FRN0.2E1E-7E	а	80	120	170	112	102	10	21.2
Single-phase	FRN0.4E1E-7E					127		25	36.2
200V	FRN0.75E1E-7E	b	110	130	180	150	110	40	55.2
	FRN1.5E1E-7E	_	110	400	045	101	120	64	05.5
	FRN2.2E1E-7E	С	140	180	245	194	130	64	85.5

## •Keypad





Panel cutout dimensional drawing (arrow direction A)

(51.05)

<sup>\*</sup> Dimensions when installing the supplied rear cover



## **External Dimensions**

## •Inverter main body (Semi-standard type)





Power supply	Inverter type	Fig.			Dir	nension (n	nm)		
voltage	inverter type	rig.	W	W1	Н	H1	D	D1	D2
	FRN0.4E1S-4E	h	110	97	130	118	126	86	40
	FRN0.75E1S-4E	111	110	31	130	110	150	00	64
	FRN1.5E1S-4E	0	110	97	130	118	150	86	64
Three-phase	FRN2.2E1S-4E	g	110	31	130	110	130	00	04
400V	FRN3.7E1S-4E	i	140	128	180	168	151	87	64
	FRN5.5E1S-4E		180	164	220	205	158	81	77
	FRN7.5E1S-4E	J	100	104	220	200	150	01	"
	FRN11E1S-4E	k	k 220	196	260	238	195	98.5	96.5
	FRN15E1S-4E			190	200	200		30.3	30.5
	FRN0.1E1S-7E						92		10
Single-phase 200V	FRN0.2E1S-7E	f	80	67	120	110	32	102	10
	FRN0.4E1S-7E		00	07	120	110	107	102	25
	FRN0.75E1S-7E						152		50
	FRN1.5E1S-7E	g	110	97	130	118	150	86	64
	FRN2.2E1S-7E	i	140	128	180	168	151	87	64

## Keypad Operations

## ■ Keypad switches and functions

When the motor is running or stopped:  The monitor displays speeds, such as output frequency, set frequency, motor speed and load shaft speed, output voltage, output current, and power consumption.  Alarm mode:  The monitor shows the alarm description with a fault code.  Program/Reset key  Used to change the mode.  Programming mode:  Used to shift the dist (cursor movement) to set data.  Alarm mode:  Resets trip prevention mode.  Function/Data select key  Used to change the LED monitor and to store the function code and data.  Stop key  Used to stop the operation.  This key is invalid if the function code for the function code and data.		Unit display		LED monitor
frequency, motor speed and load shaft speed, output voltage, output current, and power consumption.  Alarm mode:  The monitor shows the alarm description with a fault code.  Program/Reset key  Used to change the mode.  Programming mode:  Used to shift the digit (cursor movement) to set data.  Alarm mode:  Resets trip prevention mode.  Function/Data select key  Used to change the LED monitor and to store the function code and data.  Stop key  Operation mode display  During keypad operation:  When function code F 2 2 is, 10 or 13 (keypad operation), the green KEY CONTROL LED lights up.  Run key  While the motor is stopped:  Used to start the operation.  This key is invalid if the function code F 2 2 (operation by external signals set to 11.).  During operation:  The green RUN LED lights up.  Stop key  Used to stop the operation.				
Operation mode display  Alarm mode:  The monitor shows the alarm description with a fault code.  Program/Reset key  Used to change the mode.  Programming mode: Used to shift the digit (cursor movement) to set data.  Alarm mode:  Resets trip prevention mode.  Function/Data select key  Used to change the LED monitor and to store the function code and data.  Stop key  Used to stop the operation.  Stop key  Used to stop the operation.	data.	Use the key to switch the displayed data.		
The monitor shows the alarm description with a fault code.  Program/Reset key  Used to change the mode.  Programming mode:  Used to shift the digit (cursor movement) to set data.  Alarm mode:  Resets trip prevention mode.  Function/Data select key  Used to change the LED monitor and to store the function code and data.  Stop key  When function code (keypad operation), the green KEY (CONTROL LED lights up.  Run key  While the motor is stopped:  Used to start the operation.  This key is invalid if the function code (provided in the function code (provide	de display	Operation mode displa	/oltage,	
Program/Reset key  Used to change the mode.  Programming mode:  Used to shift the digit (cursor movement) to set data.  Alarm mode:  Resets trip prevention mode.  Function/Data select key  Used to change the LED monitor and to store the function code and data.  Stop key  Used to stop the operation.  This key is invalid if the function code in	eration:	During keypad operation:	\	Alarm mode:
Used to change the mode.  Programming mode: Used to shift the digit (cursor movement) to set data.  Alarm mode: Resets trip prevention mode.  Function/Data select key  Used to change the LED monitor and to store the function code and data.  CONTROL LED lights up.  CONTROL LED lights up.  Run key  While the motor is stopped: Used to start the operation.  This key is invalid if the function code in lights up.  During operation: The green RUN LED lights up.  Stop key  Used to stop the operation.	0 2 is, 0 , 2	When function code F 02 is,	ode.	The monitor shows the alarm description with a fault co
Used to change the mode.  Programming mode: Used to shift the digit (cursor movement) to set data.  Alarm mode: Resets trip prevention mode.  Function/Data select key  Used to change the LED monitor and to store the function code and data.  Stop key  Used to stop the operation.  Stop key  Used to stop the operation.				
Used to shift the digit (cursor movement) to set data.  Alarm mode: Resets trip prevention mode.  Function/Data select key  Used to change the LED monitor and to store the function code and data.  Stop key  While the motor is stopped: Used to start the operation.  This key is invalid if the function code set to up and the function code set to up and the function code set to up and the function code and data.  Stop key  Used to stop the operation.	up.	CONTROL LED lights up.		Program/Reset key
Used to shift the digit (cursor movement) to set data.  Alarm mode: Resets trip prevention mode.  Function/Data select key  Used to change the LED monitor and to store the function code and data.  While the motor is stopped: Used to start the operation.  This key is invalid if the function code in the function code in the function code in the function code and data.  While the motor is stopped: Used to start the operation.  This key is invalid if the function code in the function code in the function code and data.  Stop key  Used to stop the operation.	,		7/m	Used to change the mode.
Used to shift the digit (cursor movement) to set data.  Alarm mode:  Resets trip prevention mode.  Function/Data select key  Used to change the LED monitor and to store the function code and data.  Used to start the operation.  This key is invalid if the function code set to invali	notor is stopped:	While the motor is stop		
Alarm mode: Resets trip prevention mode.  Function/Data select key  Used to change the LED monitor and to store the function code and data.  This key is invalid if the function code set to change in the function code and data.  This key is invalid if the function code set to change in the function code and signals set to change the LED monitor and to store the function code and data.  Stop key  Used to stop the operation.				
Resets trip prevention mode.  Function/Data select key  Used to change the LED monitor and to store the function code and data.  Stop key  Used to stop the operation.  Used to stop the operation.				
Function/Data select key  Used to change the LED monitor and to store the function code and data.  Set to		C 0 3 (aparation by sytem		
Used to change the LED monitor and to store the function code and data.  The green RUN LED lights up.  Stop key  Used to stop the operation.	1.		PATA	Resets trip prevention mode.
Used to change the LED monitor and to store the function code and data.  Stop key  Used to stop the operation.	ration:	During operation:		Franction/Data aslast lass
function code and data.  Used to stop the operation.	JN LED lights up.	The green RUN LED lights up		Function/Data select key
Used to stop the operation.	4 - 1111 - 950 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 - 11 -	Stop key	/	
Post		Used to stop the operation.		idiolon code and data.
ODIDOMII VEAS		During operation:		Up/Down keys
This key is invalid if the function code F   G  2   (operation	code F C C (operation by		he	
frequency or motor speed	<u>                                     </u>			
In data setting: Used to indicate the function code number or to change data set value.  The inverter stops when the function code	ction code [#   9 6] is set to		number	In data setting: Used to indicate the function code in

## ■ Monitor display and key operation The keypad modes are classified into the following 3 modes.

	Operati	on mode	Programn	ning mode	Runnin	g mode	A1
Mo	nitor, keys		STOP	RUN	STOP	RUN	Alarm mode
	8888	Function	Displays the function	code and data.	Displays the output frequency, speed, power consumption, ou	set frequency, loaded motor tput current, and output voltage.	Displays the alarm description and alarm history.
	0.0.0.0	Display	Lighting		Blinking	Lighting	Blinking/Lighting
		Function	Indicates that the pro-	gram mode is selected.	Displays the units of frequency power consumption, and it		None
Monitor	PRG.MODE	Display	t/min = A PF	GMODE ON	Current Hz rimin display - A PRGMODE ON	Speed   1/2	OFF
	KEYPAD	Function		Operation select	ion (keypad operation/ter	minal operation) is displa	yed.
	CONTROL	Display			on mode		
		Function	Indicates absence of operation commands.	Indicates presence of operation commands.	Indicates presence of operation commands.	Indicates that the operation is trip-stopped	
	RUN	Display	RUN unlit	RUN lit	RUN unlit	RUN lit	If an alarm occurs during operation, the lamp is unlit during keypad operation and lit during terminal block operation.
	CIPO .	B	Switches to running n	node	Switches to programming	mode	Releases the trip and
	PRG	Function	Digit shift (cursor mov	vement) in data setting	11 00 5 000 000		switches to stop mode or running mode.
2	FUNC DATA	Function	Determines the function updates data.	on code, stores and	Switches the LED monitor	display.	Displays the operation information.
Keys		Function	Increases/decreases and data.	the function code	Increases/decreases the fand other settings.	requency, motor speed	Displays the alarm history.
	RUN	Function	Invalid	м -	Starts running (switches to running mode (RUN)).	Invalid	Invalid
	STOP	Function	Invalid	Deceleration stop (switches to programming mode (STOP)).	Invalid	Deceleration stop (switches to running mode (STOP)).	Invalid

This keypad supports the full menu mode that allows you to set or display the following information. Indication and setting change of changed function code, drive monitor, I/O check, maintenance information, and alarm information. For the actual operation methods, refer to the FRENIC-Multi Instruction Manual or User's Manual.

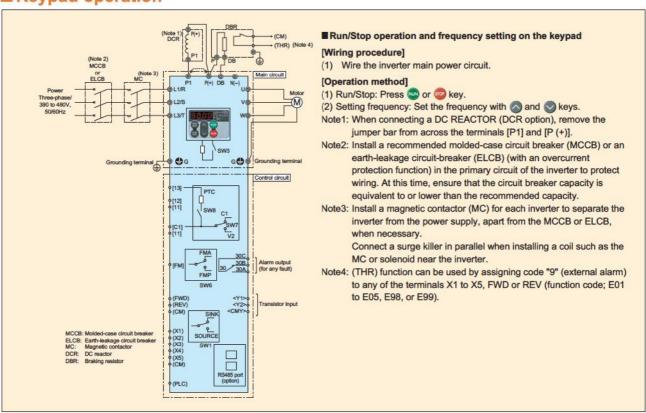
## FRENIC MUITI

## **Basic Wiring Diagram**

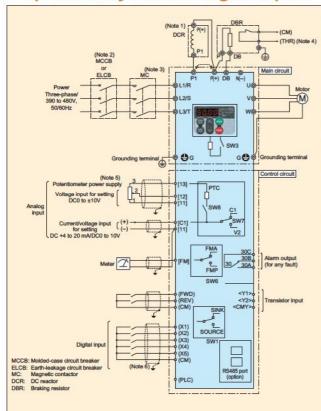
## Wiring diagram

The following diagram is for reference only. For detailed wiring diagrams, refer to the instruction manual.

## Keypad operation



## ■ Operation by external signal inputs



## ■Run/Stop operation and frequency setting through external signals

## [Wiring procedure]

1) Wire both the inverter main power circuit and control circuit.

(2) Set I (external signal) at function code FD2. Next, set I (voltage input (terminal 12) (0 to +10V DC)), c (current input (terminal C1) (+4 to 20mA DC)), or other value at function code FB :

## [Operation method]

- (1) Run/Stop: Operate the inverter across terminals FDW and CM shortcircuited, and stop with open terminals.
  (2) Frequency setting: Voltage input (0 to +10V DC), current input (+4 to
- Note1: When connecting a DC REACTOR (DCR option), remove the jumper bar from across the terminals [P1] and [P (+)].
- Note2: Install a recommended molded-case circuit breaker (MCCB) or an earth-leakage circuit-breaker (ELCB) (with an overcurrent protection function) in the primary circuit of the inverter to protect wiring. At this time, ensure that the circuit breaker capacity is equivalent to or lower than the recommended capacity.
- Note3: Install a magnetic contactor (MC) for each inverter to separate the inverter from the power supply, apart from the MCCB or ELCB, when necessary.
- Connect a surge killer in parallel when installing a coil such as the MC or solenoid near the inverter.

  Note4: (THR) function can be used by assigning code "9" (external alarm)
- to any of the terminals X1 to X5, FWD or REV (function code; E01 to E05, E98, or E99).
- Note5: Frequency can be set by connecting a frequency-setting device (external potentiometer) between the terminals 11, 12 and 13 instead of inputting a voltage signal (0 to +10V DC, 0 to +5V DC or +1 to +5V DC) between the terminals 12 and 11.
- Note 6: For the control signal wires, use shielded or twisted wires.

  Ground the shielded wires. To prevent malfunction due to noise, keep the control circuit wiring away from the main circuit wiring as far as possible (recommended: 10cm or more). Never install them in the same wire duct.

When crossing the control circuit wiring with the main circuit wiring, set them at right angles.

## **Terminal Functions**

## **■** Terminal Functions

DIABIO	Symbol	Terminal name	Functions	Remark	Relate function code
_	1/R,L2/S,L3/T	Power input	Connect a three-phase power supply.		
1	J,V,W	Inverter output	Connect a three-phase motor.		
1	P1,P (+)	For DC REACTOR	Connect the DC reactor (DCR).		
1	P (+),DB	For braking resistor	Connect the braking resistor (option).		
	P (+),N (-)	For DC bus connection	Used for DC bus connection.		
4	₿G	Grounding	Terminal for inverter chassis (case) and motor grounding	Two terminals are provided.	
	13	Potentiometer power supply	Used for frequency setting device power supply (variable resistance: 1 to 5kΩ) (10V DC 10mA DC max.)	Connect the potentiometer with higher than 1/2W.	
-	12	Analog setting voltage	Used as a frequency setting voltage input.0 to ±10V DC/0 to 100% (0 to ±5V	Input impedance: 22kΩ	F18
	_	input	DC/0 to 100%)	Maximum input: +15V DC	C32
		(Inverse operation)	±10 to 0V DC/0 to ±100%	However, the current larger than	C35
		(PID control)		±20mA DC is handled as ±20mA	E61
		(Frequency aux. setting)	Used as additional auxiliary setting to various frequency settings.	DC.	
	C1	Analog setting current	Used as a frequency setting current input.4 to 20mA DC/0 to 100%	Input impedance: 250Ω	F18
		input	20 to 4 A DO/0 to 4000/	Maximum input: 30mA DC	C37
	-	(Inverse operation)	20 to 4mA DC/0 to 100%	However, the voltage higher than ±10V DC is handled as ±0V DC.	C39
	-		Used for setting signal (PID process command value) or feedback signal.	ETOV DO IS HAIluled as EOV DO.	E62
	0.00	(Frequency aux. setting)	Used as additional auxiliary setting to various frequency settings.	l	F18
	(V2)	Analog setting voltage input	Used as a frequency setting voltage input.0 to +10V DC/0 to 100% (0 to +5V DC/0 to 100%)	Input impedance: 22kΩ Maximum input:+15V DC	100
	1	(Inverse operation)		However, the voltage higher than	C42
	1	(PID control)	Used for setting signal (PID process command value) or feedback signal.	±10V DC is handled as ±10V DC.	E63
	1	(Frequency aux. setting)	Used as additional auxiliary setting to various frequency settings.	The state of the s	_00
	(PTC)	(PTC thermistor)	Connect the thermistor used to protect the motor.		H26, I
	11	Analog common	Common terminal for frequency setting signals (13, 12, C1, FM)	Two terminals are provided. Isolated from terminals CM and CMY.	
9	<b>K1</b>	Digital input 1	The following functions can be set at terminals X1 to X5, FWD and REV for	ON state	E01
	(2	Digital input 2	signal input.	Source current: 2.5 to 5mA	E02
_	K3	Digital input 3	<common function=""></common>	Voltage level: 2V	E03
-	K4	Digital input 4	Sink and source are changeable using the built-in sliding switch.	Allowable leakage current: Smaller	E04
	<b>K</b> 5	Digital input 5	ON timing can be changed between short-circuit of terminals X1 and CM and	than 0.5mA	E05
_	FWD	Forward operation command	open circuits of them. The same setting is possible between CM and any of	Voltage: 22 to 27V	E98
=	REV	Reverse operation command	the terminals among X2, X3, X4, X5, FWD, and REV.	11	E99
KE	(FWD)	Forward operation command	The motor runs in the forward direction upon ON across (FWD) and CM. The motor decelerates and stops upon OFF.	This function can be set only for the	
	(REV)		The motor runs in the reverse direction upon ON across (REV) and CM. The motor decelerates and stops upon OFF.	terminals FWD and REV.	
Ì	(SS1)	Multistep	16-step operation can be conducted with ON/OFF signals at (SS1) to (SS8).		C05
	(SS2) (SS4) (SS8)	freq. selection	Multistep frequency		C19
	(RT1)	Acceleration time	ON across (RT1) and CM: The acceleration time 2 setting is available.		E10, E
ļ.,		selection command	OFF across (RT1) and CM: The acceleration time 1 setting is available.		F07, F
	(HLD)	3-wire operation stop command	Used for 3-wire operation. ON across (HLD) and CM: The inverter self-holds FWD or REV signal.		
ļ.			OFF across (HLD) and CM: The inverter releases self-holding.		
١.		Coast-to-stop command	ON across (BX) and CM: The inverter output is shut off immediately and the motor coasts to a stop.	No alarm signal will be output.	
		Alarm (error) reset	ON across (RST) and CM: Faults are reset.	Alarm reset signal width: 0.1(s) or more	
			OFF across (THR) and CM: The inverter output is shut off immediately and the motor coasts-to-stop.	Alarm signal BH2 will be output.	F04 I
-		Freg. set 2/Freg. set 1	ON across (Hz2/Hz1) and CM: Freq. set 2 is effective.		F01, F
	(M2/M1)	Motor2/Motor1	ON across (M2/M1) and CM: The motor 2 setting is available.  OFF across (M2/M1) and CM: The motor 1 setting is available.		A01 to P01 to
	(DCBBK)	DC braking command	ON across (MZ/MT) and CM. The motor it setting is available.  ON across (DCBRK) and CM: Starts DC braking action.		F20 to
		Torque limit 2/Torque limit 1			E16,
	(112/11)	Torque limit 2/Torque limit 1	ON across (TL2/TL1) and CM: The torque limit 2 setting is available.  OFF across (TL2/TL1) and CM: The torque limit 1 setting is available.		F40,
-	(UP)	UP command	The output frequency rises while the circuit across (UP) and CM is connected.		F01,
			The output frequency drops while the circuit across (DOWN) and CM is connected.		J02
	(WE-KP)	Write enable for KEYPAD	The function code data can be changed from the keypad only when (WE-KP)		F00
	(Hz/PID)	(Changing data is available.) PID cancel	is ON. PID control can be canceled when the circuit across (Hz/PID) and CM is connected. (Operation proceeds		J01 to
-	(IVS)	Inverse mode	according to the selected frequency setting method such as the multi-step frequency, keypad and analog input.)  The frequency setting or PID control output signal (frequency setting) action mode switches		J10 to C50,
L.		changeover	between normal and inverse actions when the circuit across (IVS) and CM is connected.		
	(LE)	Link enable	Operation proceeds according to commands sent via RS485 communication or field bus (option) when the circuit across (LE) and CM are connected.		H30, y
ľ	(U-DI)	Universal DI	An arbitrary digital input signal is transmitted to the host controller.		1
ľ	(STM)	Starting characteristic selection	ON across (STM) and CM: Starting at the pick-up frequency becomes valid.		H17, F
Γ	(STOP)	Forcible stop	OFF across (STOP) and CM: The inverter is forcibly stopped in the special deceleration time.		H56
ď	(PID-RST)	PID differentiation / integration reset	ON across (PID-RST) and CM: Resets differentiation and integration values of PID.		J01 to
	(PID-HLD)		ON across (PID-HLD) and CM: Holds integration values of PID.		J10 to
-	(JOG)	Jogging operation	ON across (JOG) and CM: The operation node enters jogging mode and frequency setting switches to jogging frequency and acceleration and deceleration time for jogging operation.		C20 H54
-	(/		i omionos lo jogging neguenor ana doceleration ana acceleration time for jogging operation.		11104
	, ,	DI C terminal		+24V (22 to 27V) 50m4 may	
ь.	PLC	PLC terminal Digital common	Connect to PLC output signal power supply. Common for 24V power.  Common terminal for digital input signal	+24V (22 to 27V) 50mA max. Isolated from terminals 11 and	



## ■ Terminal Functions

UNISION	Symbol	Terminal name	Functions	Remark	Related function code
Puise output Analog output	FM (FM.	A) Analog monitor	A monitor signal of analog DC voltage between 0 to +10V DC) can be output for the item selected from the following:  • Output frequency 1 (before slip compensation) • Output frequency 2 (after slip compensation) • Output current • Output voltage • Output torque • Load factor. • Power consumption • PID feedback value (PV) • DC link circuit voltage • Universal AO. • Motor output • Analog output test. • PID command (SV) • PID output (MV)	Connectable impedance (Minimum impedance: 5kW In the (0 to +10V DC) In case of voltage output, up to two analog voltmeters (0 to 10V DC, input impedance: 10kW) can be connected.Gain adjustment range: 0 to 300%	F29 to F31
Pulse ourput	(FM	P) Pulse monitor	One of the following items can be output in a pulse frequency.  • Output frequency 1 (before slip compensation) • Output frequency 2 (after slip compensation) • Output current • Output voltage • Output torque • Load factor.o Power consumption • PID feedback value (PV) • DC link circuit voltage • Universal AO • Motor output • Analog output test • PID command (SV) • PID output (MV)	Up to two analog voltmeters (0 to 10V DC, input impedance: 10kΩ) can be connected. (Driven at average voltage)	F29, F31, F33
	(PLC)	Transistor output power	Power supply for a transistor output load. (24V DC 50mA DC Max)	Short circuit across terminals CM and CMY to use     Same terminal as digital input PLC terminal	E20
	Y1	Transistor output 1	The following functions can be set at terminals Y1 or Y2 for signal output.  • The setting of "short circuit upon active signal output" or "open upon active	Max. voltage: 27V DC Max. current: 50mA	E21 E22
	Y2	Transistor output 2	signal output" is possible.  • Sink/source support (switching unnecessary)	Leak current: 0.1mA max. ON voltage: within 2V (at 50mA)	
Ī	(RU	N) Inverter running	An ON signal is output when the inverter runs at higher than the starting frequency.		
Ī	(RUN	2) Inverter output on	A signal is issued when the inverter runs at smaller than the starting frequency or when DC braking is in action.		
Ī	(FA	R) Speed/freq. arrival	An active signal is issued when the output frequency reaches the set frequency.	Detection width: 0 to 10.0 [Hz]	E30
	(FD	T) Speed/freq. detection	An ON signal is output at output frequencies above a preset detection level. The signal is deactivated if the output frequency falls below the detection level.	Operation level: 0.0 to 400.0 [Hz] Hysteresis width: 0.0 to 400.0 [Hz]	E31 E32
	(L	V) Undervoltage detection	The signal is output when the inverter stops because of undervoltage.		
	(B/	D) Torque polarity detection	The OFF signal is output when the inverter is running in drive mode and the ON signal is output in the braking mode or stopped state.		
Ī	(IO	L) Inverter output limit (limit on current)	The signal is output when the inverter is limiting the current.		F43, F4
i	(IP	F) Auto-restarting	The signal is output during auto restart operation (after momentary power failure and until completion of restart).		F14
ndino localina	(0	L) Overload early warning (motor)	The signal is output when the electronic thermal relay value is higher than the preset alarm level.		F10 to F1
	(RD	Y) Operation ready output	A signal is issued if preparation for inverter operation is completed.		
	(SWN	2) Motor 2 switching	The motor switching signal (M2/M1) is input and the ON signal is output when the motor 2 is selected.		
	(TR	Y) Retry in action	The signal is output during an active retry.		H04, H0
[	(0	H) Heat sink overheat early warning	An early warning signal is issued before the heat sink trips due to overheat.		
	(FAF	2) Frequency arrival 2	The signal is output when the time set in E29 elapses after the frequency arrival signal (FAR) is output.		E29
	(IOL	2) Inverter output limit	If more than 20ms elapse while one of the following operations is operating: current limiter for the inverter, automatic deceleration operation or torque limiter.		F41 to F4 H69
Ī	(LIF	E) Lifetime alarm	Outputs alarm signal according to the preset lifetime level.		H42, H43, H
ľ	(REF OF	F) Command loss detection	A loss of the frequency command is detected.		E65
	(OL	P) Overload preventive control	The signal is output when the overload control is activated.		H70
	(1	D) Current detection	The signal is output when a current larger than the set value has been detected for the timer-set time.		E34, E3
	(ID	2) Current detection 2	The signal is output when a current larger than the set value 2 has been detected for the timer-set time.		E37, E3
	(PID-AL	M) PID alarm output	An absolute value alarm or deviation alarm under PID control is issued as a signal.		J11 to J1
	(BRK	S) Brake signal	The signal for enabling or releasing the brake is output.		J68 to J7
	(AL	M) Alarm relay output (for any fault)	An alarm relay output (for any fault) signal is issued as a transistor output signal.		7.000000000
	CMY	Transistor output common	Common terminal for transistor output	The terminal is isolated from terminals 11 and CM.	
nd no seemon	30A,30B,30	C Alarm relay output (for any fault)	<ul> <li>A no-voltage contact signal (1c) is issued when the inverter is stopped due to an alarm.</li> <li>Multi-purpose relay output; signals similar to above-mentioned signals Y1 to Y2 can be selected.</li> <li>An alarm output is issued upon either excitation or no excitation according to selection.</li> </ul>	Contact capacity: 250V AC,0.3A, cosφ=0.3, +48V DC, 0.5A	E27
Communication contact output	-	RJ-45 connector for connection of keypad	One of the following protocols can be selected.  • Protocol exclusively for keypad (default selection)  • Modbus RTU  • Fuji's special inverter protocol  • SX protocol for PC loader	Power (+5V) is supplied to the keypad.	H30 y01 to y2 y98,y99



## **Terminal Functions**

## **■ Terminal Arrangement**

## Main circuit terminals

Power source	Applied motor [kW]	Inverter type	Fig.
Three-	0.4	FRN0.4E1□-4E	
phase 400V	0.75	FRN0.75E1□-4E	
4000	1.5	FRN1.5E1□-4E	Fig. A
	2.2	FRN2.2E1□-4E	
	3.7	FRN3.7E1□-4E	
	5.5	FRN5.5E1□-4E	
	7.5	FRN7.5E1□-4E	Eig D
	11	FRN11E1 -4E	Fig. B
	15	FRN15E1□-4E	
Single-	0.1	FRN0.1E1□-7E	
phase	0.2	FRN0.2E1□-7E	F:- 0
200V	0.4	FRN0.4E1□-7E	Fig. C
	0.75	FRN0.75E1□-7E	
	1.5	FRN1.5E1□-7E	F:- D
	2.2	FRN2.2E1□-7E	Fig. D

Note:For the inverter type FRN 0.4E1 □-4E, the symbol is replaced with either of the following alphabets.

S(standard type), E(EMC filter built-in type)



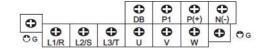


Fig. B

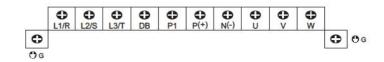


Fig. C

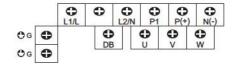
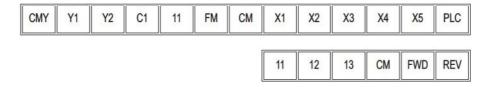


Fig. D

				<b>⊕</b> DB	O P1	P(+)	<b>○</b> N(-)	
OG	₽ L1/L	0	D L2/N	<b>ئ</b>	0	O <sub>W</sub>	0	<b>O</b> G

## Control circuit terminals (common to all the inverter models)



30A 30B 30C



## **Protective Functions**

	Protective Functions		Description		LED indication	Alarm output (30A, B, C) Note	
Ove	ercurrent protection	The inverter is stopp	ed for protection against overcurrent.	During acceleration	DE 1	0	
Sho	ort circuit protection	The inverter is stopp	ped for protection against overcurrent caused by a short circuit in the output circuit.	During deceleration	002		
	ounding fault		upon start-up for protection against overcurrent caused by a grounding fault in the output circuit.	During constant	003		
-	ervoltage		urned on with the grounding fault, the inverter and the controlled equipment may not be protected.  2 (3-phase and Single-phase 200V series: 400V DC, 3-phase 400V series: 800V DC)	speed operation  During acceleration	OU I	0	
	tection		is detected and the inverter is stopped. If an excessive voltage is applied by mistake,	During deceleration	005	0	
4.100		the protection canno	t be guaranteed.	During constant speed operation	0U3		
	dervoltage stection		phase 200V series: 200V DC, 3-phase 400V series: 400V DC) in the DC link circuit is dete : 3, 4 or 5" is selected, an alarm is not issued even upon a voltage drop in the DC link circu		LU	Δ	F14
	ut phase loss tection	extreme stress caus	is detected to shut off the inverter output. This function protects the inverter from being ed by a power phase loss or imbalance between phases. When the load to be connected nnected a phase loss is not detected.		Lin	0	H98
Out	out phase loss protection	Detects breaks in inv	verter output wiring at the start of operation and during running, to shut off the inverter output	rtput.	OPL	0	H98
	erheating	Stops the inverter ou	tput upon detecting excess heat sink temperature in case of cooling fan failure or overlo	ad.	DH I	0	H43, H98
pro	tection		erter operation are stopped due to overheating of an external braking resistor. st be set corresponding to the braking resistor.		дЬН	0	
Ov	erload protection		de the IGBT is calculated from the detection of output current and internal temperature, to s	shut off the inverter output.	OLU	0	
_	ernal alarm input		signal (THR) opened, the inverter is stopped with an alarm.		DH2	0	E01 to E05
Viciniti.	COLORS OF SECTION SET					3.683	E98, E99
	Electronic	The inverter is stopp	ed with an electronic thermal function set to protect the motor.		OL I	0	F10,A06
uc	thermal		r is protected at all the frequencies.		DL 2		
ectic			is protected at all the frequencies. and thermal time constant can be set.		The second second		E44 E42 A07 A00
Motor protection	PTC thermistor		out stops the inverter to protect the motor.		ОНЧ	_	F11,F12,A07,A08
lor	PTC thermistor		r is connected between terminals C1 and 11 to set switches and function codes on the c	ontrol PC board	רחט	0	H26,H27
Mo	Overload early		tput at the predetermined level before stopping the inverter with the electronic thermal fu		_		E34,E35
	warning	motor.	that at the predetermined level belove stopping the invester with the electronic thermal to	notion to protect the	_		L04,L00
Sta	all prevention	This is protected who	en the instantaneous overcurrent limit works.		_	_	H12
			current limit: Operates when the inverter output current goes beyond the instantaneous (during acceleration and constant speed operation).	overcurrent limiting level,			
Ala	rm relay output	MARK TAX AND TAX	utput when the inverter stops upon an alarm.		_	0	E20,E21,E27
	r any fault)	<alarm reset=""> The  key or digit <storage alarm="" hi<="" of="" p=""></storage></alarm>	al input signal (RST) is used to reset the alarm stop state. story and detailed data> ns can be stored and displayed.				E01 to E05 E98,E99
Me	mory error		n power-on and data writing to detect any fault in the memory and to stop the inverter if	anv	Er I	0	
Ke	/pad	The keypad (standar	d) or multi-function keypad (optional) is used to detect a communication fault between the		Er2	0	F02
	nmunication error	7 7 7	eration and to stop the inverter.  or LSI error caused by noise.		Er3	0	
	on communication error		ard is used, a fault of communication with the inverter main body is detected to stop the i	nverter.	E-4	_	
-	tion error	The second secon	ard is used, the option card detects a fault to stop the inverter.	Troitor.	Er5	_	i i
		STOP key priority:	Pressing the wey on the keypad or entering the digital input signal will forcibly dec motor even if the operation command through signal input or communication is selecte		ErB	0	H96
		Start check:	Start check: If the operation command is entered in the following cases, $\mathcal{E} \subset \mathcal{E}$ will be	-			
Op	eration error		LED monitor to prohibit operation.				
			Power-on     Alarm areast (				
			<ul> <li>Alarm reset (  key ON or alarm (error) reset [RST] is reset.)</li> <li>The link operation selection "LE" is used to switch operation.</li> </ul>				
Tu	ning error	When tuning failure,	interruption, or any fault as a result of turning is detected while tuning for motor constant	L	Er7	0	P04
COLUMN TO SERVICE	-485	WAR COLD	port of the keypad connected via RS485 communication port to detect a communication	White and Albandara	Er8	0	
cor	nmunication error	stopped and displays	-2-0.0000000000000000000000000000000000				
_	save error upon Undervoltage		ge protection works, an error is displayed if data cannot be stored.		ErF	0	
	485 communication or (optional)	When an optional RS is detected to stop the	6-485 communication card is used to configure the network, a fault of communication wit to inverter.	h the inverter main body	ErP	0	
Re	try		tripped and stopped, this function automatically resets the tripping state and restarts opens and the length of wait before resetting can be set.)	eration.	-	_	H04,H05
Su	rge protection		cted against surge voltage intruding between the main circuit power line and ground.		_	_	
	mmand loss		etc.) of the frequency command is detected to output an alarm and continue operation a	t the preset frequency	-		E65
_	ection		requency before detection).				
Co	disconnection	An error displays wh	en the signal line for PG is disconnected while the PG feedback card is installed.		PG	0	
Co		A protective function	on (inverter stoppage) is activated upon a momentary power failure for 15msec or longer		_	_	F14
Co dei PG	mentary power		contains a consentations in a calculated, the inscended annual contains an account of the continue of this	the set time.	l	1	H13 to H16
PG Mo fail	ure protection		nentary power failure is selected, the inverter restarts upon recovery of the voltage within				
PG Mo fail			requency is reduced to avoid tripping before heat sink overheating or tripping due to an o		-	-	H70
PG Mo fail Ov cor	ure protection erload avoidance	The inverter output for (alarm indication: [7]) The inverter is stopp	requency is reduced to avoid tripping before heat sink overheating or tripping due to an o	overload	- ErH	- 0	H70

Note: The item indicated with  $\triangle$  in the alarm output (30A, B, C) column may not be issued according to some function code settings.



## **Function Settings**

## **■** Function Settings

## •F codes: Fundamental Functions

Func. Code	Name	Data setting range	Min.	Unit	Data copy*2	Default setting
F00	Data Protection	Disable both data protection and digital reference protection     Enable data protection and disable digital reference protection     Disable data protection and enable digital reference protection     Enable both data protection and digital reference protection	-	-	Υ	0
FO I	Frequency Command 1	0: ② / ③ keys on keypad  1: Voltage input to terminal [12] (-10 to +10 VDC)  2: Current input to terminal [C1] (C1 function) (4 to 20 mA DC)  3: Sum of voltage and current inputs to terminals [12] and [C1] (C1 function)  5: Voltage input to terminal [C1] (V2 function) (0 to 10 VDC)  7: Terminal command UP /DOWN control  11: Digital input (option)  12: Pulse input (option)	<del></del>	-	Y	0
F02	Operation Method	O: RUN/STOP keys on keypad (Motor rotational direction specified by terminal command FWD/REV) 1: Terminal command FWD or REV 2: RUN/STOP keys on keypad (forward) 3: RUN/STOP keys on keypad (reverse)	-	-	Y	2
F03	Maximum Frequency 1	25.0 to 400.0	0.1	Hz	Y	50.0
FOY	Base Frequency 1	25.0 to 400.0	0.1	Hz	Y	50.0
F05	Rated Voltage at Base Frequency 1	Output a voltage in proportion to input voltage     Output an AVR-controlled voltage (for 200 V class series)     160 to 500: Output an AVR-controlled voltage (for 400 V class series)	1	V	Y2	230
F05	Maximum Output Voltage 1	80 to 240: Output an AVR-controlled voltage (for 200 V class series) 160 to 500: Output an AVR-controlled voltage (for 400 V class series)	1	V	Y2	400
F07	Acceleration Time 1	0.00 to 3600 Note: Entering 0.00 cancels the acceleration time, requiring external soft-start.	0.01	S	Y	6.00
F08	Deceleration Time 1 Torque Boost 1	0.00 to 3600 Note: Entering 0.00 cancels the deceleration time, requiring external soft-start.  0.0 to 20.0 (percentage with respect to "F05: Rated Voltage at Base Frequency 1")	0.01	s %	Y	6.00 Depending on the
F 10	Electronic Thermal Overload Protection for Motor 1	Note: This setting takes effect when F37 = 0, 1, 3, or 4.  1: For a general-purpose motor with shaft-driven cooling fan	-	_	Y	inverter capacity
-	(Select motor characteristics)	2: For an inverter-driven motor, non-ventilated motor, or motor with separately powered cooling fan				
F 11	(Overload detection level)	0.00: Disable1 to 135% of the rated current (allowable continuous drive current) of the motor	0.01	A		100% of the motor rated current
F 12	(Thermal time constant)  Restart Mode (Mode selection)	0.5 to 75.0  0: Disable restart (Trip immediately)	0.1	min	Y	5.0
	after Momentary Power Failure	1: Disable restart (Trip after a recovery from power failure) 4: Enable restart (Restart at the frequency at which the power failure occurred, for general loads) 5: Enable restart (Restart at the starting frequency, for low-inertia load)				·
F 15	Frequency Limiter (High)	0.0 to 400.0	0.1	Hz	Y	70.0
F 15	(Low)	0.0 to 400.0	0.1	Hz	Υ	0.0
F 18	Bias (Frequency command 1)	-100.00 to 100.00 *1	0.01	%	Y	0.00
F20	DC (Braking starting frequency) Braking 1 (Braking level)	0.0 to 60.0	0.1	Hz %	Y	0.0
F21	Braking 1 (Braking level) (Braking time)	0 to 100 0.00 : Disable 0.01 to 30.00	0.01	70 S	Y	0.00
F23	Starting Frequency 1	0.1 to 60.0	0.01	Hz	Y	0.5
F24		0.01 to 10.00	0.01	s	Y	0.00
F25	Stop Frequency	0.1 to 60.0	0.1	Hz	Υ	0.2
F26 F27	Motor Sound (Carrier frequency) (Tone)	0.75 to 15 0: Level 0 (Inactive) 1: Level 1 2: Level 2 3: Level 3	1	kHz —	Y	15 0
F29	Analog Output [FM] (Mode selection)	0 : Output in voltage (0 to 10 VDC) [FMA] 2 : Output in pulse (0 to 6000p/s) [FMP]	-	-	Y	0
F30	(Voltage adjustment)	0 to 300 [FMA] Select a function to be monitored from the followings.	1	%	Y	100
	( 2.000)	0: Output frequency 1 (before slip compensation) 1: Output frequency 2 (after slip compensation) 2: Output current 3: Output voltage 4: Output torque 5: Load factor 6: Input power 7: PID feedback amount (PV) 8: PG feedback value 9: DC link bus voltage 10: Universal AO 13: Motor output 14: Calibration 15: PID command (SV) 16: PID output (MV)				j
F33	(Pulse rate)	25 to 6000 (FMP, Pulse rate at 100% output)	1	p/s	Υ	1440
F37	Load Selection/	0: Variable torque load	_	-	Y	1,
	Auto Torque Boost / Auto Energy Saving Operation 1	1: Constant torque load 2: Auto-torque boost 3: Auto-energy saving operation (Variable torque load during ACC/DEC) 4: Auto-energy saving operation (Constant torque load during ACC/DEC) 5: Auto-energy saving operation (Auto-torque boost during ACC/DEC)				
	Stop Frequency (Holding Time)	0.00 to 10.00	0.01	S	Y	0.00
F40		20 to 200 999 : Disable 20 to 200 999 : Disable	1	%	Y	999
F41 F42	Limiter 1 (Limiting Level for braking) Control Mode Selection 1	O: V/f control with slip compensation inactive D: Dynamic torque vector control V/f control with slip compensation active V/f control with PG  O: V/f control with PG	-	70	Y	999
		4: Dynamic torque vector control with PG				



## **•**F codes: Fundamental Functions

Func. Code	Name			Unit	Data copy*2	Default setting
F43	Current Limiter (Mode selection)	0: Disable (No current limiter works.)	_		Y	0
		1: Enable at constant speed (Disable during ACC/DEC)				
		2: Enable during ACC/constant speed operation				
F44	(Level)	20 to 200 (The data is interpreted as the rated output current of the inverter for 100%.)	1	%	Y	200
FSO	Electronic Thermal (Discharging capability)	1 to 900 999: Disable	1	kWs	Y	999
	Overload Protection	0: Reserved				
F51	for braking resistor (Allowable average loss)	0.001 to 50.000 0.000: Reserved	0.001	kW	Y	0.000

## **©**E codes: Extension Terminal Functions

Func. Code	Name	Data setting range	Min.	Unit	Data copy*2	Default setting
ED I	Terminal X1 function	Selecting function code data assigns the corresponding function to	-	-	Υ	0
		terminals [X1] to [X5] as listed below.			2000	
E02	Terminal X2 function	0 (1000) : Select multi-frequency [SS1]	_	_	Y	1
E03	Terminal X3 function	1 (1001) : Select multi-frequency [SS2]	-	_	Y	2
E04 E05	Terminal X4 function Terminal X5 function	2 (1002) : Select multi-frequency [SS4] 3 (1003) : Select multi-frequency [SS8]	=	_	Y	8
CUJ	Terrimal AS function	3 (1003) : Select multi-frequency [SS8] 4 (1004) : Select ACC/DEC time [RT1]			1	0
		6 (1006) : Enable 3-wire operation [HLD]				
		7 (1007) : Coast to a stop [BX]				
		8 (1008) : Reset alarm [RST]				
		9 (1009) : Enable external alarm trip [THR]				
		10 (1010) : Ready for jogging [JOG]				
		11 (1011) : Select frequency command 2/1 [Hz2/Hz1]				
		12 (1012) : Select motor 2/motor 1 [M2/M1]				
		13 : Enable DC braking [DCBRK]				
		14 (1014) : Select torque limiter level [TL2/TL1]				
		17 (1017) : UP (Increase output frequency) [UP]				
		18 (1018) : DOWN (Decrease output frequency) [DOWN] 19 (1019) : Enable data change with keypad [WE-KP]				
		20 (1020) : Cancel PID control [Hz/PID]				
		21 (1021) : Switch normal/inverse operation [IVS]				
		24 (1024) : Enable communications link via RS-485 or field bus [LE]				
		25 (1025) : Universal DI [U-DI]				
		26 (1026) : Enable auto search for idling motor speed at starting [STM]				
		27 (1027) : Speed feedback control switch [PG/Hz]				
		30 (1030) : Force to stop [STOP]				
		33 (1033) : Reset PID integral and differential components [PID-RST]				
		34 (1034) : Hold PID integral component [PID-HLD]				
		42 (1042) : Position control limit switch [LS]				
		43 (1043) : Position control start/reset command [S/R] 44 (1044) : Serial pulse Receive mode [SPRM]				
		45 (1045) : Position Control return mode [RTN]				
		46 (1046) : Overload stopping effective command [OLS]				
		Setting the value of 1000s in parentheses () shown above assigns a negative logic input to a terminal.				
		Note: In the case of THR and STOP, data (1009) and (1030) are for normal logic, and "9" and "30" are				
10 N		for negative logic, respectively.				
E 10	Acceleration Time 2	0.00 to 3600 Note: Entering 0.00 cancels the acceleration time, requiring external soft-start.	0.01	S	Y	10.0
EII	Deceleration Time 2	0.00 to 3600 Note: Entering 0.00 cancels the acceleration time, requiring external soft-start.	0.01	S	Υ	10.0
E 16	Torque (Limiting Level for driving)	20 to 200 999 : Disable	1	%	Υ	999
E 17	Limiter 2 (Limiting Level for braking)	20 to 200 999 : Disable	1	%	Υ	999
E20	Terminal [Y1] Function	Selecting function code data assigns the corresponding function to terminals [Y1], [Y2], and [30A/B/C] as listed below.			Y	0
E21	Terminal [Y2] Function	0 (1000) : Inverter running [RUN]	_	-	Y	7
E27	Terminal [30A/B/C] Function	1 (1001) : Frequency arrival signal [FAR] 2 (1002) : Frequency detected [FDT]			Y	99
		2 (1002) : Frequency detected [FDT] 3 (1003) : Undervoltage detected (Inverter stopped) [LU]				
		4 (1004) : Torque polarity detected (IIIVerter stopped) [B/D]				
		5 (1005) : Inverter output limiting [IOL]				
		6 (1006) : Auto-restarting after momentary power failure [IPF]				
		7 (1007) : Motor overload early warning [OL]				
		10 (1010) : Inverter ready to run [RDY]				
		21 (1021) : Frequency arrival signal 2 [FAR2]				
		22 (1022) : Inverter output limiting with delay [IOL2]				
		26 (1026) : Auto-resetting [TRY]				
		28 (1028) : Heat sink overheat early warning [OH] 30 (1030) : Service lifetime alarm [LIFE]				
		30 (1030) : Service lifetime alarm [LIFE] 33 (1033) : Reference loss detected [REF OFF]				
		35 (1035) Reference loss detected [REF OFF] 35 (1035) Inverter output on [RUN2]				
		36 (1036) : Overload prevention control [OLP]				
		37 (1037) : Current detected [ID]				
		38 (1038) : Current detected 2 [ID2]				
		42 (1042) : PID alarm [PID-ALM]				
		49 (1049) : Switched to motor 2 [SWM2]				
		57 (1057) : Brake signal [BRKS]				
		76 (1076) : PG error signal [PG-ERR]				
		80 (1080) : Over traveling [OT]				
		81 (1081) : Time up of the start timer or the end timer [TO] 82 (1082) : Completion of positioning [PSET]				
		83 (1083) : Current position pulse overflow [POF]				
		99 (1099) : Alarm output (for any alarm) [ALM]				
		Setting the value of 1000s in parentheses () shown above assigns a negative logic input to a terminal.				
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		777.01		-

<sup>\*1</sup> When you make settings from the keypad, the incremental unit is restricted by the number of digits that the LED monitor can display.

(Example) If the setting range is from -200.00 to 200.00, the incremental unit is as follows:

"1" for -200 to -100, "0.1" for -99.9 to -10.0, "0.01" for -9.99 to -0.01, "0.01" for 0.00 to 99.99, and "0.1" for 100.0 to 200.0

2 Symbols in the "Data copy" column

Y: Will be copied unconditionally.

Y1: Will not be copied if the rated capacity differs from the source inverter.

Y2: Will not be copied if the rated input voltage differs from the source inverter. N: Will not be copied.

\*3 Reserved for the maker. Do not set any data.

<Changing, validating, and saving function code data when the motor is running>

:Impossible, :Possible (Change data with \*keys and then save/validate it with \*key), :Possible (Change and validate data with \*keys and then save it with \*key)



## **Functions Settings**

## **■**Functions Settings

## **©**E codes: Extension Terminal Functions

Func. Code	Name	Data setting range	Min.	Unit	Data copy*2	Default setting
653	Frequency Arrival Delay Time	0.01 to 10.00	0.01	S	Υ	0.10
E 30	Frequency Arrival (hysteresis width)		0.1	Hz	Y	2.5
E31	Frequency Detection (FDT) (Detection level)		0.1	Hz	Y	50
E35	(hysteresis width)	0.0 to 400.0	0.1	Hz	Υ	1.0
E34	Overload Early Warning /Current Detection (Level)	0.00 : Disable Current value of 1 to 200% of the inverter rated current	0.01	Α	Y1Y2	100% of the motor rated current
E35		0.01 to 600.00 *1	0.01	S	Y	10.00
E37	Current detection 2 (Level)		0.01	A	Y1Y2	100% of the motor rated current 10.00
E 38	(Timer) Coefficient for Constant Feeding Rate Time	0.000 to 9.999	0.001	s _	Y	0.000
E40	PID Display Coefficient A	-999 to 0.00 to 9990 *1	0.01	_	Y	100
EHI	B	-999 to 0.00 to 9990 *1	0.01	_	Y	0.00
E42	LED Display filter	0.0 to 5.0	0.1	s	Y	0.5
E43	LED Monitor (Item selection)	0: Speed monitor (select by E48)	_		Y	0
11 - 70 51		3: Output current			33	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		4: Output voltage				
		8: Calculated torque				
		9: Input power				
		10: PID command				
		12: PID feedback amount 13: Timer				
		14: PID output				
		15: Load factor				
		16: Motor output				
		21: Present pulse position				
		22: Deviation of pulse position				
E45	LCD Monitor *3 (Item selection)	0: Running status, rotational direction and operation guide	_	_	Y	0
		1: Bar charts for output frequency, current and calculated torque				
E48	(Language selection)	0 : Japanese	-	-	Υ	1
		1 : English 2 : German				
		3 : French				
		4 : Spanish				
		5 : Italian				
E47	(Contrast control)	0 (Low) to 10 (High)	1	_	Y	5
E48	LED Monitor (Speed monitor item)	0: Output frequency (Before slip compensation)	-	_	Y	0
		1: Output frequency (After slip compensation)			111	
		2: Reference frequency				
		3: Motor speed in r/min				
		4: Load shaft speed in r/min				
		5: Line speed in m/min 6: Constant feeding rate time				
E50	Coefficient for Speed Indication	0.01 to 200.00 *1	0.01		Y	30.00
E5 1	Display Coefficient for Input Watt-hour Data	0.000 (Cancel/reset) 0.001 to 9999	0.001	_	Y	0.010
E52	Keypad (Menu display mode)	0: Function code data editing mode (Menus #0 and #1)		_	Y	0
1.0000000		1: Function code data check mode (Menu #2)			1.27	
		2: Full-menu mode (Menus #0 through #6)				
E59	Terminal [C1] Signal Definition (C1/V2 Function)	0: Current input (C1 function), 4 to 20 mADC	-	_	Y	0
CC I		Voltage input (V2 function), 0 to +10 VDC     Selecting function code data assigns the corresponding function to terminals [12] and [C1] (C1/V2 function) as listed below.	_			0
E62	Terminal [12] Extended Function Terminal [C1] Extended Function (C1 function)	O: None			Y	0
E63	Terminal [C1] Extended Function (V2 function)	1: Auxiliary frequency command 1	_		Y	0
	Terrima [C 1] Extended tunden (V2 tunden)	2: Auxiliary frequency command 2			-	
		3: PID command 1				
		5: PID feedback amount				
E65	Reference Loss Detection (Continuous running frequency)	0: Decelerate to stop 20 to 120 999: Disable	1	%	Υ	999
£98	Terminal [FWD] Function	Selecting function code data assigns the corresponding function to terminals [FWD] and [REV] as listed below.		_	Y	98
E99	Terminal [REV] Function	0 (1000) : Select multi-frequency [SS1]	_		Υ	99
		1 (1001) : Select multi-frequency [SS2]				
		2 (1002) : Select multi-frequency [SS4] 3 (1003) : Select multi-frequency [SS8]				
		4 (1004) : Select ACC/DEC time [RT1]				
		6 (1006) : Enable 3-wire operation [HLD]				
		7 (1007) : Coast to a stop [BX]				
		8 (1008) : Reset alarm [RST]				
		9 (1009) : Enable external alarm trip [THR]				
		10 (1010) : Ready for jogging [JOG]				
		11 (1011) : Select frequency command 2/1 [Hz2/Hz1]				
		12 (1012) : Select motor 2/motor 1 [M2/M1]				
		13 : Enable DC braking [DCBRK]				
		14 (1014) : Select torque limiter level [TL2/TL1]				
		14 (1014) : Select torque limiter level [TL2/TL1] 17 (1017) : UP (Increase output frequency) [UP]				
		14 (1014)       : Select torque limiter level       [TL2/TL1]         17 (1017)       : UP (Increase output frequency)       [UP]         18 (1018)       : DOWN (Decrease output frequency)       [DOWN]				
		14 (1014)       : Select torque limiter level       [TL2/TL1]         17 (1017)       : UP (Increase output frequency)       [UP]         18 (1018)       : DOWN (Decrease output frequency)       [DOWN]         19 (1019)       : Enable data change with keypad       [WE-KP]				
		14 (1014)       : Select torque limiter level       [TL2/TL1]         17 (1017)       : UP (Increase output frequency)       [UP]         18 (1018)       : DOWN (Decrease output frequency)       [DOWN]         19 (1019)       : Enable data change with keypad       [WE-KP]         20 (1020)       : Cancel PID control       [Hz/PID]				
		14 (1014)       : Select torque limiter level       [TL2/TL1]         17 (1017)       : UP (Increase output frequency)       [UP]         18 (1018)       : DOWN (Decrease output frequency)       [DOWN]         19 (1019)       : Enable data change with keypad       [WE-KP]         20 (1020)       : Cancel PID control       [Hz/PID]				
		14 (1014)       : Select torque limiter level       [TL2/TL1]         17 (1017)       : UP (Increase output frequency)       [UP]         18 (1018)       : DOWN (Decrease output frequency)       [DOWN]         19 (1019)       : Enable data change with keypad       [WE-KP]         20 (1020)       : Cancel PID control       [Hz/PID]         21 (1021)       : Switch normal/inverse operation       [IVS]         24 (1024)       : Enable communications link via RS-485 or field bus       [LE]         25 (1025)       : Universal DI       [U-DI]				
		14 (1014)       : Select torque limiter level       [TL2/TL1]         17 (1017)       : UP (Increase output frequency)       [UP]         18 (1018)       : DOWN (Decrease output frequency)       [DOWN]         19 (1019)       : Enable data change with keypad       [WE-KP]         20 (1020)       : Cancel PID control       [Hz/PID]         21 (1021)       : Switch normal/inverse operation       [IVS]         24 (1024)       : Enable communications link via RS-485 or field bus       [LE]         25 (1025)       : Universal DI       [U-DI]         26 (1026)       : Enable auto search for idling motor speed at starting       [STM]				
		14 (1014)       : Select torque limiter level       [TL2/TL1]         17 (1017)       : UP (Increase output frequency)       [UP]         18 (1018)       : DOWN (Decrease output frequency)       [DOWN]         19 (1019)       : Enable data change with keypad       [WE-KP]         20 (1020)       : Cancel PID control       [Hz/PID]         21 (1021)       : Switch normal/inverse operation       [IVS]         24 (1024)       : Enable communications link via RS-485 or field bus       [LE]         25 (1025)       : Universal DI       [U-DI]         26 (1026)       : Enable auto search for idling motor speed at starting       [STM]         27 (1027)       : Speed feedback control switch       [PG/Hz]				
		14 (1014)       : Select torque limiter level       [TL2/TL1]         17 (1017)       : UP (Increase output frequency)       [UP]         18 (1018)       : DOWN (Decrease output frequency)       [DOWN]         19 (1019)       : Enable data change with keypad       [WE-KP]         20 (1020)       : Cancel PID control       [Hz/PID]         21 (1021)       : Switch normal/inverse operation       [IVS]         24 (1024)       : Enable communications link via RS-485 or field bus       [LE]         25 (1025)       : Universal DI       [U-DI]         26 (1026)       : Enable auto search for idling motor speed at starting       [STM]         27 (1027)       : Speed feedback control switch       [PG/Hz]         30 (1030)       : Force to stop       [STOP]				
		14 (1014)       : Select torque limiter level       [TL2/TL1]         17 (1017)       : UP (Increase output frequency)       [UP]         18 (1018)       : DOWN (Decrease output frequency)       [DOWN]         19 (1019)       : Enable data change with keypad       [WE-KP]         20 (1020)       : Cancel PID control       [Hz/PID]         21 (1021)       : Switch normal/inverse operation       [IVS]         24 (1024)       : Enable communications link via RS-485 or field bus       [LE]         25 (1025)       : Universal DI       [U-DI]         26 (1026)       : Enable auto search for idling motor speed at starting       [STM]         27 (1027)       : Speed feedback control switch       [PG/Hz]				



## **©**E codes: Extension Terminal Functions

Func. Code	Name	Data setting range		Min.	Unit	Data copy*2	Default setting
		42 (1042) : Position control limit switch 43 (1043) : Position control start/reset command 44 (1044) : Serial pulse Receive mode 45 (1045) : Position Control return mode 46 (1046) : Overload stopping effective command 98 : Run forward 99 : Run reverse Setting the value of 1000s in parentheses () shown above as negative logic input to a terminal. Note: In the case of THR and STOP, data (1009) and (1030) normal logic, and "9" and "30" are for negative logic, respective	are for				

## **OC** codes: Control Functions

Func. Code	Name	Data setting range	Min.	Unit	Data copy*2	Default setting
EDI	Jump Frequency 1	0.0 to 400.0	0.1	Hz	Υ	0.00
503	2				Y	0.00
E03	3				Y	0.00
E04	(Hysteresis width)	0.0 to 30.0	0.1	Hz	Y	3.0
<i>COS</i>	Multi-Frequency 1	0.00 to 400.00	0.01	Hz	Y	0.00
C05	2			100000	Y	0.00
<i>CO7</i>	3				Y	0.00
C08	4				Υ	0.00
C09	5				Υ	0.00
E 10	6				Y	0.00
EII	7				Y	0.00
E 15	8				Y	0.00
[ 13	9			1	Y	0.00
E 14	10				Y	0.00
[ 15	11				Y	0.00
E 16	12				Y	0.00
[17	13				Y	0.00
E 18	14				Y	0.00
E 19	15				Y	0.00
C50	Jogging Frequency	0.00 to 400.00	0.01	Hz	Y	0.00
[5]	Timer Operation	0 : Disable 1 : Enable	-	-	Y	0
E30	Frequency Command 2	0:	-	-	Y	2
[3]	Analog Input Adjustment (offset)		0.1	%	Y	0.0
E32	for [12] (Gain)	0.00 to 200.00 *1	0.01	%	Y	100.0
[33	(Filter time constant)	0.00 to 5.00	0.01	S	Y	0.05
E34	(Gain base point)	0.00 to 100.00 *1	0.01	%	Y	100.0
E35	(Polarity)	0 : Bipolar	-	-	Y	1
		1 : Unipolar				
£ 36	Analog Input Adjustment (offset)	-5.0 to 5.0	0.1	%	Y	0.0
[37	for [C1] (C1 function) (Gain)	0.00 to 200.00 *1	0.01	%	Y	100.0
£38	(Filter time constant)	0.00 to 5.00	0.01	S	Y	0.05
£39	(Gain base point)	0.00 to 100.00 *1	0.01	%	Y	100.0
EHI	Analog Input Adjustment (offset)	-5.0 to 5.0	0.1	%	Y	0.0
[45	for [C1] (V2 function) (Gain)	0.00 to 200.00 *1	0.01	%	Y	100.0
E43	(Filter time constant)	0.00 to 5.00	0.01	s	Y	0.05
[44	(Gain base point)	0.00 to 100.00 *1	0.01	%	Y	100.0
£50	Bias (Frequency command 1) (Bias base point)	0.00 to 100.00 *1	0.01	%	Y	0.00
[51	Bias (PID command 1) (Bias value)	-100.00 to 100.00	0.01	%	Y	0.00
553	(Bias base point)	0.00 to 100.00 °1	0.01	%	Y	0.00
£53	Selection of Normal/Inverse Operation (Frequency command 1)	0 : Normal operation	-	-	Y	0
C-BRITE	20 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 : Inverse operation				

<sup>\*\*1</sup> When you make settings from the keypad, the incremental unit is restricted by the number of digits that the LED monitor can display.

(Example) if the setting range is from -200.00 to 200.00, the incremental unit is as follows:

\*1" for -200 to -100, "0.1" for -99.9 to -10.0, "0.01" for -9.99 to -0.01, "0.01" for 0.00 to 99.99, and "0.1" for 100.0 to 200.0

\*2 Symbols in the "Data copy" column Y: Will be copied unconditionally.

Y1: Will not be copied if the rated capacity differs from the source inverter.

Y2: Will not be copied.

<sup>\*3</sup> Reserved for the maker. Do not set any data.

\*4 Use these functions by connection with the multi-tasking keypad (optional).

<Changing, validating, and saving function code data when the motor is running>

: Impossible, : Possible (Change data with & keys and then save/validate it with key), : Possible (Change and validate data with key) keys and then save it with key).



## **Functions Settings**

## **■**Functions Settings

## ●P codes: Motor Parameters

Func. Code	Name	Data setting range	Min.	Unit	Data copy*2	Default setting
PO 1	Motor 1 (No. of poles)	2 to 22	2	Pole	Y1Y2	4
P02	(Rated capacity)	0.01 to 30.00 (where, P99 data is 0, 3, or 4.)	0.01	kW	Y1Y2	Rated capacity
		0.01 to 30.00 (where, P99 data is 1.)	0.01	HP		of motor
P03	(Rated current)	0.00 to 100.0	0.01	Α	Y1Y2	Rated value of Fuji standard motor
PDY	(Auto-tuning)	0: Disable	-	-	N	
		1: Enable (Tune %R1 and %X while the motor is stopped.)				0
		2: Enable (Tune %R1, %X and rated slip while the motor is stopped, and no-load current while running.)				
P05	(Online tuning)	0 : Disable	12.20	_	Υ	0
		1 : Enable				400
P05	(No-load current)	0.00 to 50.00	0.01	Α	Y1Y2	Rated value of Fuji standard motor
P07 P08 P09		0.00 to 50.00	0.01	%	Y1Y2	Rated value of Fuji standard motor
P08	(%X)	0.00 to 50.00	0.01	%	Y1Y2	Rated value of Fuji standard motor
P09	(Slip compensation gain for driving)	0.0 to 200.0	0.01	%	Y	100.0
P 10	(Slip compensation response time)	0.00 to 10.00	0.01	S	Y1Y2	0.50
PII	(Slip compensation gain for braking)	0.0 to 200.0	0.01	%	Y	100.0
P 12	(Rated slip frequency)	0.00 to 15.00	0.01	Hz	Y1Y2	Rated value of Fuji standard motor
P99	Motor 1 Selection	0: Motor characteristics 0 (Fuji standard motors, 8-series)	-	_	Y1Y2	0
		1: Motor characteristics 1 (HP rating motors)				
		3: Motor characteristics 3 (Fuji standard motors, 6-series)				
		4: Other motors				

## **OH** codes: High Performance Functions

Func. Code	Name	Data setting range	Min.	Unit	Data copy*2	Default setting
HD3	Data Initialization	Disable initialization     Initialize all function code data to the factory defaults	-	-	N	0
		2: Initialize motor 1 parameters				
		3: Initialize motor 2 parameters				
HOY	Auto-reset (Times)	0: Disable 1 to 10	1	Times	Υ	0
HD5	(Reset interval)	0.5 to 20.0	0.1	S	Υ	5.0
H06	Cooling Fan ON/OFF Control	Disable (Always in operation)     Enable (ON/OFF controllable)	-	_	Υ	0
нот	Acceleration/Deceleration Pattern	0: Linear	_	_	Y	0
		1: S-curve (Weak)				
		2: S-curve (Strong)				
		3: Curvilinear				
H08	Limiting the direction of the motor rotation	0: Disable	_	_	Y	0
		1: Enable (Reverse rotation inhibited)				
		2: Enable (Forward rotation inhibited)			.,	
H09	Starting Mode (Auto search)		-	_	Υ	0
		Enable (At restart after momentary power failure)     Enable (At restart after momentary power failure and at normal start)				
HII	Deceleration Mode	Normal deceleration	_	_	Υ	0
	Deceleration Mode	1: Coast-to-stop	1190			U
H 12	Instantaneous Overcurrent Limiting (Mode selection)	0 : Disable	_	_	Y	1
	. ,	1 : Enable				
H 13	Restart Mode after Momentary Power Failure (Restart time)	0.1 to 10.0	0.1	S	Y1Y2	Depending on the inverter capaci
H 14	(Frequency fall rate)	0.00 : FSelected deceleration time 0.01 to 100.00	0.01	Hz/s	Υ	999
		999: Follow the current limit command				
H 16	(Allowable momentary power failure time)	0.0 to 30.0 999 : Automatically determined by inverter	0.1	S	Υ	999
H28	Thermistor (Mode selection)	0: Disable	-	-	Υ	0
H27	4 0	1: Enable (With PTC, the inverter immediately trips with BHY displayed.)0.00 to 5.00V	0.04			4.00
H28	(Level)	0.00 to 5.00 -60.0 to 0.0	0.01	V Hz	Y	1.60 0.0
H30	Droop control Communications Link Function (Mode selection)		0.1	П	Y	0.0
пэи	Continuincations Link Function (mode saledion)	0: F01/C30 F02	-		1010	0
		1: RS-485 F02				
		2: F01/C30 RS-485				
		3: RS-485 RS-485				
		4: RS-485 (option) F02				
		5: RS-485 (option) RS-485				
		6: F01/C30 RS-485 (option)				
		7: RS-485 RS-485 (option)				
		8: RS-485 (option) RS-485 (option)			N	200
HHS	Capacitance of DC Link Bus Capacitor	Indication for replacing DC link bus capacitor (0000 to FFFF: Hexadecimal)	1		N	_
H43	Cumulative Run Time of Cooling Fan Startup Times of Motor 1	Indication of cumulative run time of cooling fan for replacement Indication of cumulative startup times	=	=	N	
HYS	Mock Alarm	Disable 1: Enable (Once a mock alarm occurs, the data automatically returns to 0.)	_	_	N	0
H47	Initial Capacitance of DC Link Bus Capacitor	Indication for replacing DC link bus capacitor (0000 to FFFF: Hexadecimal)	_	_	N	Set at factory shipping
H48	Cumulative Run Time of Capacitors on Printed Circuit Boards	Indication for replacing capacitors on printed circuit boards (0000 to FFFF: Hexadecimal). Resettable.	_	_	N	
H49	Starting Mode (Delay time)	0.0 to 10.0	0.1	S	Y	0.0
HSO	Non-linear V/f Pattern,1 (Frequency)	0.0 : Cancel 0.1 to 400.0	0.1	Hz	Y	0.0
H5 !	(Voltage)	0 to 240 : Output an AVR-controlled voltage (for 200 V class series)	1	V	Y2	0
		0 to 500 : Output an AVR-controlled voltage (for 400 V class series)				
HS2	Non-linear V/f Pattern,2 (Frequency)		0.1	Hz	Υ	0.0
H53	(Voltage)	0 to 240: Output an AVR-controlled voltage (for 200 V class series)	1	٧	Y2	0
11611	ACCIDED No.	0 to 500: Output an AVR-controlled voltage (for 400 V class series)	0.04		11	0.00
H54	ACC/DEC time (Jogging operation)  Deceleration Time for Forced Stop	0.00 to 3600 *ACC time and DEC time are common.	0.01	S	Y	6.00
	I MANAGEMENT LIME FOR FORCED STOP	0.00 to 3600	0.01	S	Y	6.00



## **OH** codes: High Performance Functions

Func. Code	Name	Data setting range	Min.	Unit	Data copy*2	Default setting
H5 1	UP/DOWN Control (Initial frequency setting)	0 : 0.00 1 : Last UP /DOWN command value on releasing run command	-	-	Y	1
H63	Low Limiter (Mode selection)	C: Limit by F16 (Frequency limiter: Low) and continue to run     I: If the output frequency lowers less than the one limited by F16 (Frequency limiter: Low), decelerate to stop the motor.	Ī	-	Υ	0
нбч	(Lower limiting frequency)	0.0 (Depends on F16 (Frequency limiter: Low)) 0.1 to 60.0	0.1	Hz	Y	1.6
H68	Slip Compensation 1 (Operating conditions)	Enable during ACC/DEC and enable at base frequency or above     Disable during ACC/DEC and enable at base frequency or above     Enable during ACC/DEC and disable at base frequency or above     Disable during ACC/DEC and disable at base frequency or above		-	Y	0
H69	Automatic Deceleration (Mode selection)	Disable     Enable (Canceled if actual deceleration time exceeds three times the one specified by F08/E11.)     Enable (Not canceled if actual deceleration time exceeds three times the one specified by F08/E11.)	-	_	Y	0
סרא	Overload Prevention Control	0.00 : Follow deceleration time specified by F08/E11 0.01 to 100.0 999: Disable	0.01	Hz/s	Y	999
нті	Deceleration Characteristics	0 : Disable 1 : Enable	3 <b>—</b> 3	-	Y	0
H75	Torque Limiter (Frequency increment limit for braking)	0.0 to 400.0	0.1	Hz	Υ	5.0
H80 H89 ≀ H9 I	Output Current Fluctuation Damping Gain for Motor 1 Reserved. *3	0.00 to 0.40	0.01		Y	0.20
H94	Cumulative Motor Run Time 1	Change or reset the cumulative data	_	_	N	_
H95	DC Braking (Braking response mode)		-	-	Y	1
H96	STOP Key Priority/ Start Check Function	Item         Data         0         1         2         3           STOP key priority         Disable         Enable         Disable         Enable           Start check function         Disable         Disable         Enable         Enable	-	-	Y	0
H97	Clear Alarm Data	Setting H97 data to "1" clears alarm data and then returns to zero.	_	_	N	0
Н98	Protection/Maintenance Function (Mode selection)	0 to 31: Display data on the keypad's LED monitor in decimal format (in each bit, "0" for disabled, "1" for enabled.) Bit 0: Lower the carrier frequency automatically Bit 1: Detect input phase loss Bit 2: Detect output phase loss Bit 3: Select life judgment threshold of DC link bus capacitor Bit 4: Judge the life of DC link bus capacitor	1	_	Y	19 (bit 4,1,0=1)

## A codes: Motor 2 Parameters

Func. Code		Data setting range	Min.	Unit	Data copy*2	Default setting
RO I	Maximum Frequency 2	25.0 to 400.0	0.1	Hz	Y	50.0
RO2	Base Frequency 2	25.0 to 400.0	0.1	Hz	Y	50.0
R03	Rated Voltage at Base	Output a voltage in proportion to input voltage	1	V	Y2	230
	Frequency 2	80 to 240: Output an AVR-controlled voltage (for 200 V class series)				
		160 to 500: Output an AVR-controlled voltage (for 400 V class series)				
ROY	Maximum output Voltage 2	80 to 240V: Output an AVR-controlled voltage (for 200 V class series)	1	V	Y2	400
		160 to 500V: Output an AVR-controlled voltage (for 400 V class series)			1000	
ROS	Torque Boost 2	0.0 to 20.0(percentage with respect to "A03: Rated Voltage at Base Frequency 2")	0.1	%	Y	Depending on
	A CONTRACT C	Note: This setting takes effect when A13 = 0, 1, 3, or 4.		2000	-	the inverter capacity
R05	Electronic Thermal Overload Protection for Motor 2	1 : For a general-purpose motor with shaft-driven cooling fan	_	_	Y	1
	(Select motor characteristics)	2 : For an inverter-driven motor, non-ventilated motor, or motor with separately powered cooling fan				
ROT	(Overload detection level)	0.00 : Disable 1 to 135% of the rated current (allowable continuous drive current) of the motor	0.01	Α	Y1Y2	100% of the motor rated current
R08	(Thermal time constant)	0.5 to 75.0	0.1	min	Y	5.0
R09	DC (Braking starting frequency)	0.0 to 60.0 Hz	0.1	Hz	Y	0.0
R 10	Braking 2 (Braking level)		1	%	Y	0
RII	(Braking time)	0.00 : Disable 0.01 to 30.00	0.01	s	Y	0.00
B 15	Starting Frequency 2	0.1 to 60.0	0.1	Hz	Y	0.5
R 13	Load Selection/	0 : Variable torque load	_	_	Y	1
	Auto Torque Boost /	1 : Constant torque load				
	Auto Energy Saving Operation 2	2 : Auto-torque boost				
		3 : Auto-energy saving operation (Variable torque load during ACC/DEC)				
		4 : Auto-energy saving operation (Constant torque load during ACC/DEC)				
		5 : Auto-energy saving operation (Auto-torque boost during ACC/DEC)				
R 14	Control Mode Selection 2	0 : V/f operation with slip compensation inactive	_	_	Y	0
		1 : Dynamic torque vector operation			1600	7000
		2 : V/f operation with slip compensation active				
		3 : V/f operation with PG				
		4 : Dynamic torque vector operation with PG				

\*3 Reserved for the maker. Do not set any data.

<sup>\*\*1</sup> When you make settings from the keypad, the incremental unit is restricted by the number of digits that the LED monitor can display.

(Example) If the setting range is from -200.00 to 200.00, the incremental unit is as follows:

"1" for -200 to -100, "0.1" for -99.9 to -10.0, "0.01" for -9.99 to -0.01, "0.01" for 0.00 to 99.99, and "0.1" for 100.0 to 200.0

2 Symbols in the "Data copy" column

Y: Will be copied unconditionally.

Y1: Will not be copied if the rated capacity differs from the source inverter.

Y2: Will not be copied.

N: Will not be copied.

N: Will not be copied.



## **Functions Settings**

## **■** Functions Settings

## ●A codes: Motor 2 Parameters

Func. Code	Name	Data setting range	Min.	Unit	Data copy*2	Default setting
	Motor 2 (No. of poles)	2 to 22	2	Pole	Y1Y2	4
A 15	(Rated capacity)	0.01 to 30.00 (where, P99 data is 0, 3, or 4.)	0.01	kW	Y1Y2	Rated capacity
		0.01 to 30.00 (where, P99 data is 1.)	0.01	HP		of motor
817	(Rated current)	0.00 to 100.0	0.01	Α	Y1Y2	Rated value of Fuji standard motor
B 18	(Auto-tuning)	0: Disable	_	_	N	0
		1 : Enable (Tune %R1 and %X while the motor is stopped.)			36561	
		2 : Enable (Tune %R1, %X and rated slip while the motor is stopped, and no-load current while running.)				
R 19	(ON-Line tuning)	0 : Disable	_	_	Y	0
		1 : Enable				
820	(No-load current)	0.00 to 50.00	0.01	Α	Y1Y2	Rated value of Fuji standard motor
1 SB	(%R1)	0.00 to 50.00	0.01	%	Y1Y2	Rated value of Fuji standard motor
822	(%X)	0.00 to 50.00	0.01	%	Y1Y2	Rated value of Fuji standard motor
823	(Slip compensation gain for driving)	0.0 to 200.0	0.01	%	Y	100.0
824	(Slip compensation response time)	0.00 to 10.00	0.01	S	Y1Y2	0.50
R25	(Slip compensation gain for braking)	0.0 to 10.00	0.01	%	Y	100.0
85R	(Rated slip frequency)	0.00 to 15.00	0.01	Hz	Y1Y2	Rated value of Fuji standard motor
R39	Motor 2 Selection	0 : Motor characteristics 0 (Fuji standard motors, 8-series)	-	-	Y1Y2	0
		1 : Motor characteristics 1 (HP rating motors)				
		3 : Motor characteristics 3 (Fuji standard motors, 6-series)				
		4 : Other motors				
RYD	Slip compensation 2	0 : Enable during ACC/DEC and enable at base frequency or above	_	_	Y	0
100000	(Operating conditions)	1 : Disable during ACC/DEC and enable at base frequency or above				0.550
		2 : Enable during ACC/DEC and disable at base frequency or above				
		3 : Disable during ACC/DEC and disable at base frequency or above				
841	Output Current Fluctuation Damping Gain for Motor 2	0.00 to 0.40	0.01	_	Y	0.20
	Cumulative Motor Run Time 2	Change or reset the cumulative data	-	_	N	
845	Startup Times of Motor 2	Indication of cumulative startup times	-	_	N	_

## •J codes: Application Functions

Func. Code	Name	Data setting range	Min.	Unit	Data copy*2	Default setting
J0 I	PID Control (Mode selection)	0 : Disable 1 : Enable (Process control, normal operation) 2 : Enable (Process control, inverse operation) 3 : Enable (Dancer control)	-	-	Y	0
J02	(Remote command SV)	0 : UP/DOWN keys on keypad 1 : PID command 1 3 : Terminal command UP /DOWN control 4 : Command via communications link	-	_	Y	0
J03	P (Gain)	0.000 to 30.000 *1	0.001	Times	Υ	0.100
JOY	I (Integral time)	0.0 to 3600.0 *1	0.1	S	Y	0.0
J05	D (Differential time)	0.0 to 600.00 *1	0.01	S	Υ	0.00
J05	(Feedback filter)	0.0 to 900.0	0.1	S	Υ	0.5
J 10	PID Control (Anti reset windup)	0 to 200	1	%	Y	200
JII	(Select alarm output)	0 : Absolute-value alarm 1 : Absolute-value alarm (with Hold) 2 : Absolute-value alarm (with Latch) 3 : Absolute-value alarm (with Hold and Latch) 4 : Deviation alarm 5 : Deviation alarm (with Hold) 6 : Deviation alarm (with Latch) 7 : Deviation alarm (with Hold and Latch)	1	_	Y	0
J 12	(Upper level alarm (AH))	-100 to 100	1	%	Y	100
J 13	(Lower level alarm (AL))	-100 to 100	1	%	Y	0
J 18	(Upper limit of PID process output)	-150 to 150 999 : F Disable	1	%	Y	999
J 19	(Lower limit of PID process output)	-150 to 150 999 : F Disable	1	%	Y	999
J58	(Speed command filter)	0.00 to 5.00	0.01	S	Y	0.10
J57	(Dancer reference position)	-100 to 100	1	%	Y	0
J58	(Detection width of Dancer position deviation )	0 : Disable switching PID constant 1 to 100	1	%	Y	0
J59	P (gain) 2	0.000 to 30.00 *1	0.001	times	Y	0.100
J60	I (Integration time) 2	0.0 to 3600.0 *1	0.1	S	Y	0.0
J6 1	D (Derivative time) 2	0.00 to 600.00 *1	0.01	S	Y	0.00
J62	(Selection PID control block) (PID control block selection)	Bit 0 : PID output pole 0 = addition, 1 = subtraction Bit 1 : Select compensation of output ratio 0 = speed command, 1 = ratio	1	_	Y	0
J63	Overload stop (Detection value)	0 : Torque 1 : Current	-	-	Y	0
J84	(Detection level)	20 to 200	0.1	%	Υ	100
J65	(Mode selection )	0 : Disable 1 : Decelerate to stop 2 : Coast to a stop 3 : Hit mechanical stop	-	-	Y	0
J65	(Operation condition)	C : Enable at constant speed and during deceleration     Enable at constant speed     Enable anytime	_	_	Y	0
J67	(Timer)	0.00 to 600.00	0.01	S	Y	0
J68	Braking signal (Released current)	0 to 200	1	%	Y	100
J59	(Brake OFF frequency)	0.0 to 25.0	0.1	Hz	Y	1.0
סרט	(Brake OFF timer)		0.1	S	Y	1.0
171	(Brake ON frequency)	0.0 to 25.0	0.1	Hz	Y	1.0
775	(Brake ON timer)	0.0 to 5.0	0.1	S	Y	1.0



## **J** codes: Application Functions

Func. Code	Name	Data setting range	Min.	Unit	Data copy*2	Default setting
J73	Position control (the start timer)	0.0 to 1000.0	0.1	S	Y	0.0
774	(Start point: MSD)		1	р	Y	0
J 75	(Start point: LSD)	[P], 0 to 9999	1	р	Y	0
476	(Position preset: MSD)	-999 to 999	1	р	Υ	0
777	(Position preset: LSD)	[P], 0 to 9999	1	р	Y	0
718	(Creep speed switch point: MSD)		1	р	Y	0
J79	(Creep speed switch point: LSD)	0 to 9999	1	р	Y	0
J80	(Creep speed)		1	Hz	Y	0
181	(Stopping position: MSD)	-999 to 999	1	р	Υ	0
J82	(Stopping position: LSD)	0 to 9999	1	р	Y	0
J83	(Completion width)	0 to 9999	1	р	Y	0
J84	(End timer)	0.0 to 1000.0	0.1	S	Υ	0.0
J85	(Coasting compensation)		1	р	Υ	0
J85	(Stopping position specifying method)	0, 1	_	_	Y	0
187	(Position pre-set condition)		_	_	Υ	0
J88	(Position detecting direction)		_	_	Y	0
173 174 175 176 177 179 180 181 182 183 184 185 186 186 188 188	Overload stopping, torque limit P (Gain)	0.000 to 2.000, 999	0.001	_	Y	999
191	Function, torque limit   (Integral time)	0.001 to 9.999, 999	0.001	S	Y	999
	Current control level	50.0 to 150.0	0.1	%	Y	100.0

## ov codes: Link Functions

Func.	Name	Data setting range	Min.	Unit	Data copy*2	Default setting
<b>90</b> 1	RS-485 Communication (Standard) (Station address)	1 to 255	1	_	Y	1
A05	(Communications error processing)	0: Immediately trip with alarm ErB 1: Trip with alarm ErB after running for the period specified by timer y03 2: Retry during the period specified by timer y13.If the retry fails, trip with alarm ErB. If it succeeds, continue to run. 3: Continue to run	1	_	Y	0
203	(Timer)	0.0 to 60.0	0.1	S	Y	2.0
904	(Baud rate)	0: 2400 bps 1: 4800 bps 2: 9600 bps 3: 19200 bps 4: 38400 bps	1	-	Y	3
905	(Data length)	0:8 bits 1:7 bits	-	-	Y	0
906	(Parity check)	None (2 stop bits for Modbus RTU)     Even parity (1 stop bit for Modbus RTU)     Odd parity (1 stop bit for Modbus RTU)     None (1 stop bit for Modbus RTU)	-	-	Y	0
907	(Stop bits)	0:2 bits 1:1 bit	-	-	Y	0
908	(No-response error detection time)	0 : No detection 1 to 60	1	s	Y	0
909	(Response interval)	0.00 to 1.00	0.01	s	Y	0.01
9 10	(Protocol selection)	1 : Modbus RTU protocol     1 : FRENIC Loader protocol (SX protocol)     2: Fuji general-purpose inverter protocol	-	_	Y	1
911	RS-485 Communication (Option) (Station address)	1 to 255	1	-	Y	1
A 15	(Communications error processing)	<ul> <li>0: Immediately trip with alarm ErP</li> <li>1: Trip with alarm ErPafter running for the period specified by timer y13</li> <li>2: Retry during the period specified by timer y13. If the retry fails, trip with alarm ErP. If it succeeds, continue to run.</li> <li>3 Continue to run</li> </ul>	-	_	Y	0
9 13	(Timer)	0.0 to 60.0	0.1	S	Y	2.0
9 19	(Baud rate)	0: 2400 bps 1: 4800 bps 2: 9600 bps 3: 19200 bps 4: 38400 bps	_	_	Y	3
9 15	(Data length)	0 : 8 bits 1 : 7 bits	-	-	Y	0
9 16	(Parity check)	0 : None (2 stop bits for Modbus RTU) 1 : Even parity (1 stop bit for Modbus RTU) 2 : Odd parity (1 stop bit for Modbus RTU) 3 : None (1 stop bit for Modbus RTU)	-	-	Y	0
917	(Stop bits)	0: 2 bits 1: 1 bit	_	-	Υ	0
9 18	(No-response error detection time)	0 : No detection 1 to 60	1	s	Υ	0
9 19	(Response interval)	0.00 to 1.00	0.01	s	Υ	0.01
920	(Protocol selection)	Modbus RTU protocol     Fuji general-purpose inverter protocol	_	-	Y	0
Y98	Bus Link Function (Mode selection)	Frequency command 0: Follow H30 data 1: Via field bus option 2: Follow H30 data Via field bus option 3: Via field bus option Via field bus option	-	-	Y	0
999	Loader Link Function(Mode selection)	Frequency command 0: Follow H30 and y98 data 1: Via RS-485 link (Loader) 2: Follow H30 and y98 data Via RS-485 link (Loader) Via RS-485 link (Loader) Via RS-485 link (Loader)	-	_	N	0

<sup>\*1</sup> When you make settings from the keypad, the incremental unit is restricted by the number of digits that the LED monitor can display.

(Example) If the setting range is from -200.00 to 200.00, the incremental unit is as follows: "1" for -200 to -100, "0.1" for 99.9 to -10.0, "0.01" for -9.99 to -0.01, "0.01" for 0.00 to 99.99, and "0.1" for 100.0 to 200.0

\*2 Symbols in the "Data copy" column Y: Will be copied unconditionally. Y1: Will not be copied if the rated capacity differs from the source inverter.

Y2: Will not be copied if the rated input voltage differs from the source inverter. N: Will not be copied.

\*3 Reserved for the maker. Do not set any data.

<Changing, validating, and saving function code data when the motor is running>

: Impossible, : Possible (Change data with \* keys and then save/validate it with \* key), : Possible (Change and validate data with \* keys and then save it with \* key)



## **Functions Settings**

## **■**Functions Settings

## o codes: Option Functions

Func. Code	Name	Data setting range	Min.	Unit	Data copy*2	Default setting
001	Command/feedback input (Input form selection)	0, 1, 2, 10, 11, 12, 20, 21, 22	1	_	Y	0
002	Speed control (P item)	0.01 to 200.00	0.01	_	Y	10.00
003	(l item)	0.000 to 5.000	0.001	S	Y	0.100
004	(Filter time constant)	0.000 to 5.000	0.001	S	Y	0.020
005	(Pulse line input) (Encode pulse number)	20 to 3600	1	_	Y	1024
008	(Filter time constant)		0.001	S	Y	0.005
007	(Pulse compensation coefficient 1)	1 to 9999	1	_	Y	1
008	(Pulse compensation coefficient 2)	1 to 9999 20 to 3600	1	_	Y	1
009	Feedback (Feedback input)	20 10 3000	3	1000	T	1024
o 10	(Encoder pulse number) (Filter time constant)	0.000 to 5.000	0.001	S	Υ	0.005
011	(Pulse compensation coefficient 1)	1 to 9999	1	_	Y	1
012	(Pulse compensation coefficient 2)	1 to 9999	1	_	Y	1
0 13	Speed control (Output limiter)	0. 00 to 100.00	0.01	%	Y	100.00
0 14	Reserved *3	0.0010100.00	0.01	70		100.00
0 15	Reserved *3					
0 15	Reserved *3					
017		0 to 50	1	%	Y	10
0 18	(Timer)	0.0 to 10.0	0.1	S	Y	0.5
	PG abnormal error selection	0, 1, 2	1	_	Y	2
020	DIO option (DI mode selection)	0: 8 bit binary setting			Y	0
ULU	Dio option (Di mode selection)	1: 12 bit binary setting	_	_		· ·
		4: BCD 3-digit setting 0 to 99.9				
		5: BCD 3-digit setting 0 to 999				
150	(DO mode selection)	0: Output frequency (befor slip compensation)	_	k	Y	0
UL I	(DO Hode selection)	1: Out put frequency (after slip compensation)	-	-		·
		2: Output current				
		3: Output voltage				
		4: Output torque				
		5: Overload rate				
		6: Power consumption				
		7: PID feedback amount				
		9: DC link circuit voltage				
		13: Motor output				
		15: PID command (SV)				
		16: PID command (MV)				
		99: Individual signal output				
027	Transmission error (Operation selection)	0 to 15	1	_	Y	0
920	(Timer selection)	0.0 to 60.0	0.1	s	Y	0.0
030	Bus setting parameter 1	0 to 255	1	_	Y	0
031	Bus setting parameter 2	0 to 255	1	_	Y	0
032	Bus setting parameter 3	0 to 255	1	_	Y	0
033	Bus setting parameter 4	0 to 255	1	_	Y	0
034		0 to 255	1	_	Y	0
035	Bus setting parameter 6	0 to 255	1	_	Y	0
035	Bus setting parameter 7	0 to 255	1	_	Y	0
	Bus setting parameter 8	0 to 255	1	_	Y	0
038		0 to 255	1	_	Ý	0
039		0 to 255	1	_	Y	0
	Writing function code allocation 1	0000H to FFFFH	1	_	Y	0000H
041	Writing function code allocation 2	0000H to FFFFH	1	_	Y	0000H
042	Writing function code allocation 3	0000H to FFFFH	1	_	Y	0000H
	Writing function code allocation 4	0000H to FFFFH	1		Y	0000H
	Writing function code allocation 5	0000H to FFFFH	1	_	Y	0000H
045		0000H to FFFFH	1	_	Y	0000H
045		0000H to FFFFH	1	_	Y	0000H
047		0000H to FFFFH	1	_	Y	0000H
048		0000H to FFFFH	1	_	Y	0000H
049	Read function code allocation 1	0000H to FFFFH	1	_	Y	0000H
050		0000H to FFFFH	1	_	Y	0000H
	Read function code allocation 4	0000H to FFFFH	1	-	Y	0000H
	1 toda fullotion oode allocation 4	0000H to FFFFH	1	_	Y	0000H
051	Read function code allocation 5			0.105		
052	Read function code allocation 5	0000H to FEFEH	1	_	V	OOOOH
o52	Read function code allocation 6	0000H to FFFFH	1	_	Y	0000H
o52 o53 o54	Read function code allocation 6 Read function code allocation 7	0000H to FFFFH	1	_	Y	0000H
o52 o53 o54 o55	Read function code allocation 6 Read function code allocation 7 Read function code allocation 8	0000H to FFFFH 0000H to FFFFH	1	=	Y	0000H 0000H
o52 o53 o54 o55 o56	Read function code allocation 6 Read function code allocation 7 Read function code allocation 8 Read function code allocation 9	0000H to FFFFH 0000H to FFFFH 0000H to FFFFH	1 1 1	-	Y Y Y	0000H 0000H 0000H
o52 o53 o54 o55 o56 o57	Read function code allocation 6 Read function code allocation 7 Read function code allocation 8 Read function code allocation 9 Read function code allocation 10	0000H to FFFFH 0000H to FFFFH 0000H to FFFFH 0000H to FFFFH	1 1 1 1	- - -	Y Y Y	0000H 0000H 0000H
o52 o53 o54 o55 o56	Read function code allocation 6 Read function code allocation 7 Read function code allocation 8 Read function code allocation 9 Read function code allocation 10 Read function code allocation 11	0000H to FFFFH 0000H to FFFFH 0000H to FFFFH	1 1 1	-	Y Y Y	0000H 0000H 0000H

\*1 When you make settings from the keypad, the incremental unit is restricted by the number of digits that the LED monitor can display.

(Example) If the setting range is from -200.00 to 200.00, the incremental unit is as follows:

"1" for -200 to -100, "0.1" for 99.9 to -10.0, "0.01" for -9.99 to -0.01, "0.01" for 0.00 to 99.99, and "0.1" for 100.0 to 200.0

"2 Symbols in the "Data copy" column

Y: Will be copied unconditionally.

Y1: Will not be copied in the rated capacity differs from the source inverter.

Y2: Will not be copied if the rated input voltage differs from the source inverter.

Y2: Will not be copied.

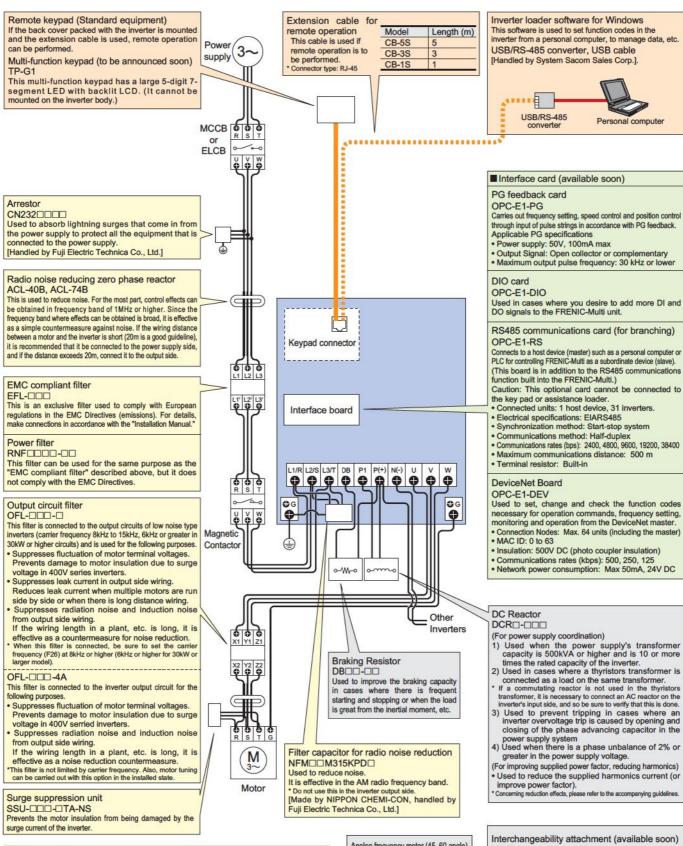
\*3 Reserved for the maker. Do not set any data.

<Chanjing, validating, and saving function code data when the motor is running>

: Impossible, □: Possible (Change data with ♥ keys and then save/validate it with ⊕ key), □: Possible (Change and validate data with ♥ keys and then save it with ⊕ key)



## **Peripheral Equipment Connection Diagrams**



## Surge absorber

S2-A-O: For electromagnetic contactors
S1-B-O: For mini control relays, timers
Absorbs surges and noise generated from other electrical devices to prevent other equipment from malfunctioning. [Handled by Fuji Electric Technica Co., Ltd.]

FLS-323

Absorbs external surges and noise, preventing malfunction of electronic devices used in control panels, etc.

Analog frequency meter (45, 60 angle) TRM-45, FM-60 [Handled by Fuji Electric Technica Co., Ltd.]

Frequency setting volume RJ-13, WAR3W-1 $k\Omega$ [Handled by Fuji Electric Technica Co., Ltd.] MA-E1-

This attachment makes the latest inverters interchangeable with older inverter models manufactured by Fuji Electric.

External cooling fan attachment (available soon) PB-E1-

This is an attachment for relocating the inverter's cooling fan to the outside of the control panel.

## **Options**

## **■** Options

Braking	g resistor			Type, sp	ecifications and extern	al dime	nsions
[10% ED type	e] (DB□□□-4) e] (DB□□□-4C	)				Standard type	Voltage 400V serie DB0.75-4 DB2.2-4 DB3.7-4
Fig. A	Fig. B	Fig. C	Fig. D	Fig. E	Fig. F W R3.5 915		DB5.5-4 DB7.5-4 DB11-4 DB15-4
\(\frac{1}{2}\)	\(\tau_{\text{\tint{\text{\tint{\text{\tin}\}\\ \text{\texi}\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi}\text{\texi}\text{\text{\texit{\texi}\text{\texi}\text{\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\tex{	\(\frac{1}{2}\)	至二	Ξ±	T T	10%ED type	DB0.75-4 DB2.2-4C DB3.7-4C DB5.5-4C DB7.5-4C DB15-4C
<u>6.</u> 0	<u> </u>	9.1		7	100 P		

	Voltage	Fi-		Dimen	sions (r	nml		Mass
	400V series	Fig	W	W1	Н	H1	D	[kg]
Standard	DB0.75-4	Α	64	1	310	295	67	1.3
type	DB2.2-4	A	64	-	470	455	67	2.0
	DB3.7-4	Α	64	Ţ	470	455	67	1.7
	DB5.5-4	В	74	74	470	455	67	4.5
	DB7.5-4	В	74	74	520	495	67	5.0
	DB11-4	C	142	74	430	415	160	6.9
	DB15-4	C	142	74	430	415	160	6.9
10%ED	DB0.75-4C	D	43	_	221	215	30.5	0.5
type	DB2.2-4C	E	67	_	188	172	55	0.8
	DB3.7-4C	E	67	_	328	312	55	1.6
	DB5.5-4C	E	_	-	378	362	78	2.9
	DB7.5-4C	E	_	_	418	402	78	3.3
	DB11-4C	F	80	50	460	440	140	4.3
	DB15-4C	F	80	50	580	440	140	5.6



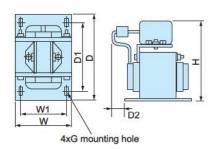
	-					Max	braking to	rque [%]	Continuo	us braking	Repetitive	braking
Braking resistor	Power		-	Qty.	Resistance	-	50 [Hz]	60 [Hz]	(100% torque o	onversion value)	[Each cycle is les	s than 100[s].
type	voltage	Inverter type	Туре		[Ω]		[N · m]	[N·m]	Discharging capacity [kWs]	Braking time [s]	Average allowable loss [kW]	Duty cycle [%ED]
		FRN0.4E1 -4E	DB0.75-4	1	200		4.02	3.32	9		0.044	22
	2	FRN0.75E1 -4E	DB0.75-4		200		7.57	6.25	17	45	0.068	18
		FRN1.5E1 -4E	DB2.2-4	1	160	150	15.0	12.4	34		0.075	10
	Three-	FRN2.2E1 -4E	DB2.2-4	1	160		22.0	18.2	33	30	0.077	7
	phase	FRN3.7E1 -4E	DB3.7-4	1	130		37.1	30.5	37	20	0.093	5
Standard	400V	FRN5.5E1 -4E	DB5.5-4	1	80		54.3	45.0	55	20	1.138	5
type		FRN7.5E1 -4E	DB7.5-4	1	60	150	73.6	61.6	38		0.188	5
		FRN11E1 -4E	DB11-4	1	40	150	108	89.5	55	10	0.275	5
		FRN15E1 -4E	DB15-4	1	34.4		147	122	75	2000	0.375	5
		FRN0.4E1 -7E	DB0.75-2	1	100		4.02	3.32	9		0.044	22
	Single-	FRN0.75E1 -7E	DB0.73-2	- 10	100	150	7.57	6.25	17	45	0.068	18
	phase 200V	FRN1.5E17E	DD0.0.0		40	150	15.0	12.4	34		0.075	10
	2001	FRN2.2E1 -7E	DB2.2-2	1	40		22.0	18.2	33	30	0.077	7
		FRN0.4E1 -4E	DB0.75-4C	1	200		4.02	3.32	50	250	-	37
		FRN0.75E14E	DB0.75-40		200	7.57	6.25	50	133	5	20	
		FRN1.5E1 -4E	DB2.2-4C	1	160	150	15.0	12.4	- 55	73	0.110	14
	Three-	FRN2.2E1 -4E	DB2.2-40			150	22.0	18.2	55	50	0.110	10
	phase	FRN3.7E1 -4E	DB3.7-4C	1	130		37.1	30.5	140	75	0.185	10
10%ED	400V	FRN5.5E1 -4E	DB5.5-4C	1	80		54.3	45.0	55	20	0.275	10
type		FRN7.5E1□-4E	DB7.5-4C	1	60	150	73.5	61.6	38		0.375	10
		FRN11E1□-4E	DB11-4C	1	40	130	108	89.5	55	10	0.55	10
		FRN15E1 4E	DB15-4C	1	34.4		147	122	75		0.75	10
	420.00	FRN0.4E1□-7E	DB0.75-2C	1	100		4.02	3.32	50	250	0.075	37
	Single-	FRN0.75E1 -7E	250.73-20		100	150	7.57	6.25	50	133	0.075	20
	phase 200V	FRN1.5E1□-7E	DB2.2-2C	1	40	100	15.0	12.4	55	73	0.440	14
	2004	FRN2.2E1 -7E	DB2.2-2C	1	40		22.0	18.2	55	50	0.110	10

Note:For the inverter type FRN 0.4E1 — 4E, the symbol is replaced with either of the following alphabets.

□ S(standard type), E(EMC filter built-in type)



## DC REACTOR



Power supply	Applicable motor rating		REACTOR			Dimensions [mm]						Mass
voltage	[kW]		type		W1	D	D1	D2	Н	Mounting hole	Terminal hole	[kg]
	0.4	FRN0.4E1□-4E	DCR4-0.4	66	56	90	72	15	94	5.2 x 8	M4	1.0
	0.75	FRN0.75E14E	DCR4-0.75	66	56	90	72	20	94	5.2x8	M4	1.4
	1.5	FRN1.5E1□-4E	DCR4-1.5	66	56	90	72	20	94	5.2x8	M4	1.6
Three-	2.2	FRN2.2E1□-4E	DCR4-2.2	86	71	100	80	15	110	6x9	M4	2
phase	3.7	FRN3.7E1□-4E	DCR4-3.7	86	71	100	80	20	110	6x9	M4	2.6
400V	5.5	FRN5.5E1□-4E	DCR4-5.5	86	71	100	80	20	110	6x9	M4	2.6
Devovees	7.5	FRN7.5E1□-4E	DCR4-7.5	111	95	100	80	24	130	7x11	M5	4.2
	11	FRN11E1□-4E	DCR4-11	111	95	100	80	24	130	7x11	M5	4.3
	15	FRN15E1□-4E	DCR4-15	146	124	120	96	15	171	7x11	M5	5.9
	0.1	FRN0.1E1 -7E	DCR2-0.2	66	56	90	72	5	94	5.2x8	M4	0.8
0	0.2	FRN0.2E1 -7E	DCR2-0.4	66	56	90	72	15	94	5.2x8	M4	1.0
Single-	0.4	FRN0.4E1 -7E	DCR2-0.75	66	56	90	72	20	94	5.2x8	M4	1.4
phase 200V	0.75	FRN0.75E17E	DCR2-1.5	66	56	90	72	20	94	5.2x8	M4	1.6
2007	1.5	FRN1.5E1 □-7E	DCR2-2.2	86	71	100	80	10	110	6x11	M4	1.8
	2.2	FRN2.2E1 □-7E	DCR2-3.7	86	71	100	80	20	110	6x11	M4	2.6

Note:For the inverter type FRN 0.4E1 —4E, the symbol is replaced with either of the following alphabets.

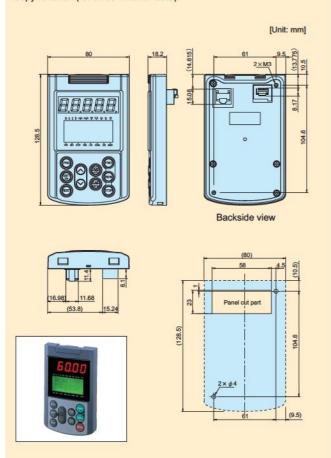
S(standard type), E(EMC filter built-in type)

## ■ Multi-function keypad (TP-G1)

Connection with FRENIC-Multi using an extension cable for remote operation (optional) enables remote operation, function code data

setting, monitoring, etc. from the keypad keys and panel.

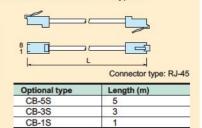
The keypad is equipped with an LCD panel (with backlight) and the copy function (for three inverter data).



## ■ Extension cable for remote operation(CB-□s)

This is used to connect the inverter and the remote keypad.







## **Options**

## ■ Interface card

## RS-485 communication card (OPC-F1-RS)

Built-in type

Connection with a host (master) device such as PC or PLC allows you to control FRENIC-Multi as a subordinate (slave) device. (The card is added to the RS-485 communication devices for FRENIC-Multi.) NOTE: This option card cannot be connected with the keypad or a support loader.

- Number of connectable devices: 1 host device and 31 inverters
- Number of ports: 2 ports
- Electric specifications: EIA RS-485
- Synchronization method: Start/stop
- Communication method: Half-duplex
- ●Transmission speed (bps): 2400, 4800, 9600, 19200 and 38400
- Maximum communication distance: 500m
- Terminating resistor: Built-in

## PG interface card (OPC-E1-PG) for 5V

Built-in type

When this card is built in the inverter, positioning accuracy will improve, resulting in reduced positioning time and improved measuring accuracy by the measuring instrument.

## PG interface card (OPC-E1-PG3) for 12V

Built-in type

Incorporating the interface card in the inverter permits accurate speed control and position control.

The interface card can be used simultaneously with the communication bus for FRENIC-Multi series, optional DeviceNet card (OPC-E1-DEV), CC-Link card (OPC-E1-CCL), and PROFIBUS-DP card (OPC-E1-PDP).

## DeviceNet card (OPC-E1=DEV)

Front installation type

Connection with the DeviceNet master unit permits application to the system that requires operation commands and frequency settings.

## DIO card (OPC-E1-DIO)

Front installation type

This card allows frequency setting or status monitoring by exchanging digital signal data with the host controller.

## SY card (synchronized operation) NOTE2)

Built-in type

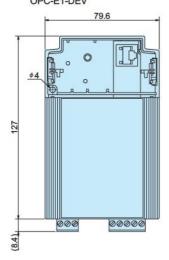
Using this card allows synchronized operation of the two motors having a pulse generator (PG).

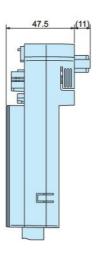
Note1) An external power supply of 24V is needed to use a separately sold option card.

Note2) The inverter that can be used with the SY card includes special specifications. When ordering the SY card, please order together with the inverter in a set.

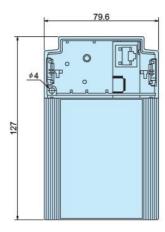
## Front installation type External dimensions

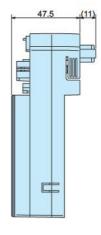
OPC-E1-CCL, OPC-E1-DEV





## OPC-E1-DIO



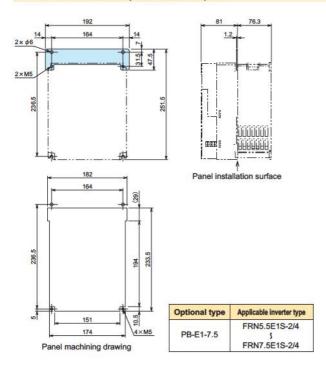


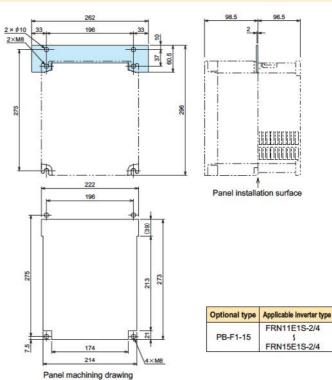


## **■** External cooling attachment

## External cooling attachment (PB-E1-7.5/PB-F1-15)

This attachment allows installation of the inverter heat sink outside the panel. With this attachment, it is possible to improve the cooling effect and to make the panel more compact.

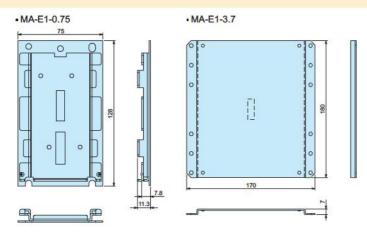




## **■** Compatible attachment

## Compatible attachment (MA-E1-

This attachment allows replacing our previous model with the new one without machining.



Optional type	Applicable inverter type	Previous inverter type
-MA-E1-0.75	FRN0.1E1S-7J	FVR0.1E11S-7
	FRN0.2E1S-7J	FVR0.2E11S-7
	FRN0.4E1S-7J	FVR0.4E11S-7
·MA-E1-3.7	FRN3.7E1S-4J	FVR3.7E11S-4
	FRN2.2E1S-7J	FVR2.2E11S-7

\*The table below shows the previous and new inverters with are compatible and do not need attachment for replacement.

Applicable inverter type	Previous inverter type		
FRN0.4E1S-4J	FVR0.4E11S-4		
FRN0.75E1S-4J	FVR0.75E11S-4		
FRN1.5E1S-4J	FVR1.5E11S-4		
FRN2.2E1S-4J	FVR2.2E11S-4		
FRN1.5E1S-7J	FVR1.5E11S-7		
FRN2.2E1S-7J	FVR2.2E11S-7		
FRN5.5E1S-4J	FVR5.5E11S-4		
FRN7.5E1S-4J	FVR7.5E11S-4		



## **Options**

## **■** Devices requiring wiring

Danner	Analtankia		МССВ	ELCB	Magn	etic contac	tor (MC)	Recommended cable size (mm²) *1								
Power		rated current (A)		Input circuit		Output		Main power input (L1/R, L2/S, L3/T)		DC Reactor	DC Reactor	For	For connection with Inverter			
voltage			With DCR	Without DCR	With DCR	Without DCR	circuit	With DCR	Without DCR	output [U, V, W]	[P1, P (+)]	[P (+), DB	circuit	[ <b>G</b> G]		
	0.4	FRN0.4E1□-4E		-	5			2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0				
	0.75	FRN0.75E1□-4E	5	5				2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0				
	1.5	FRN1.5E1□-4E	5	10				2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0				
Three-	2.2	FRN2.2E1□-4E		15	SC-05	SC-05	SC-05 SC-05	SC-05	SC-05	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	0.75	2.0
phase	3.7	FRN3.7E1□-4E	10	20		SC-4-0		2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	to 1.25			
400V	5.5	FRN5.5E1□-4E	15	30				2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0				
	7.5	FRN7.5E1□-4E	20	40			50	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0				
	11	FRN11E1□-4E	30	50	SC-4-0	SC-N1	SC-4-0	2.0	3.5	2.0	3.5	2.0		3.5		
	15	FRN15E1□-4E	40	60	SC-5-1	C-5-1	SC-5-1	3.5	5.5	3.5	5.5	2.0				
	0.1	FRN0.1E1□-7E		-				2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	8			
	0.2	FRN0.2E1□-7E	5	5				2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	0.75 to 2.0	2.0		
Single-	0.4	FRN0.4E1□-7E		10	10 15	SC-05	SC-05	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0				
phase 200V	0.75	FRN0.75E1□-7E	10	15		SC-05		2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0				
	1.5	FRN1.5E1□-7E	15	20				2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0				
	2.2	FRN2.2E1□-7E	20	30		SC-5-1		2.0	3.5	2.0	2.0	2.0				

<sup>•</sup> For the inverter type FRN 0.4E1 — 4E, the symbol is replaced with either of the following alphabets.

S(standard type), E(EMC filter built-in type)

• The frame and series of the MCCB and ELCB models vary according to the transformer capacity and so on of the equipment. Choose the optimum ones according to the catalog and technical data of the The rame and series of the MCCB and ELCB models vary according to the transformer capacity and so on or the equipment. Choose the optimum ones according to the catalog and technical data of the circuit breaker and others.
 Choose the optimum rated sensitive current of the ELCB according to technical data, too. The rated currents of the MCCB and ELCB specified in this table indicate those of SA□B/□ and SA□R/□ models.
 Description in the above table may vary for different ambient temperatures, power supply voltages or other conditions.
 Use crimp terminals equipped with insulation sheath or those equipped with an insulation tube or the like.
 The cable to be used is 600V-insulated cable with an allowable temperature of 75°C. The ambient temperature is assumed to be 50°C.

## **Guideline for Suppressing Harmonics**

## Application to "Guideline for Suppressing Harmonics by the Users Who Receive High Voltage or Special High Voltage"

Our FRENIC-Multi series are the products specified in the "Guideline for Suppressing Harmonics by Customers Receiving High Voltage or Special High Voltage." When you enter into a new contract with an electric power company or update a contract, you are requested by the electric power company to submit an accounting statement form.

## (1) Scope of regulation

- In principle, the guideline applies to the customers that meet the following two conditions:
- The customer receives high voltage or special high voltage.
- The "equivalent capacity" of the converter load exceeds the standard value for the receiving voltage (50kVA at a receiving voltage of 6.6kV).

## (2) Regulation method

The level (calculated value) of the harmonic current that flows from the customer's receiving point out to the system is subjected to the regulation. The regulation value is proportional to the contract demand. The regulation values specified in the guideline are shown in Table 1.

Table 1 Upper limits of harmonic outflow current per kW of contract demand [mA/kW]

Receiving voltage	5th	7th	11th	13th	17th	19th	23th	Over 25th
6.6kV	3.5	2.5	1.6	1.3	1.0	0.90	0.76	0.70
22kV	1.8	1.3	0.82	0.69	0.53	0.47	0.39	0.36

## 1. Calculation of Equivalent Capacity (Pi)

Although the equivalent capacity (Pi) is calculated using the equation of (input rated capacity) x (conversion factor), catalog of conventional inverters do not contain input rated capacities. A description of the input rated capacity is shown below:

## "Inverter rated capacity" corresponding to "Pi"

- · Calculate the input fundamental current I1 from the kW rating and efficiency of the load motor, as well as the efficiency of the inverter. Then, calculate the input rated capacity as shown below: Input rated capacity =  $\sqrt{3}$  x (power supply voltage) x I<sub>1</sub> x 1.0228/1000[kVA] Where 1.0228 is the 6-pulse converter's value obtained by (effective current) / (fundamental current).
- When a general-purpose motor or inverter motor is used, the appropriate value shown in Table 2 can be used. Select a value based on the kW rating of the motor used, irrespective of the inverter type.

Table 2 "Input rated capacities" of general-purpose inverters determined by the nominal applied motors

					2.2						
					2.81						
[kVA]	400V	0.57	0.97	1.95	2.81	4.61	6.77	9.07	13.1	17.6	21.8

## (2) Values of "Ki (conversion factor)"

. Depending on whether an optional ACR (AC REACTOR) or DCR (DC REACTOR) is used, apply the appropriate conversion factor specified in the appendix to the guideline. The values of the converter factor are shown in Table 3.

Table 3 "Conversion factors Ki" for general-purpose inverters determined by reactors

Circuit category	Cir	cuit type	Conversion factor Ki	Main applications	
Three-phase bridge 3 (capacitor smoothing)	Without a reactor	K31=3.4	General-purpose inverters		
	Three-phase bridge 3	With a reactor (ACR)	1102-1.0	<ul> <li>Elevators</li> </ul>	
	With a reactor (DCR)	K33=1.8	<ul> <li>Refrigerators, air conditioning systems</li> </ul>		
		With reactors (ACR and DCR)	K34=1.4	Other general appliances	

## 2. Calculation of Harmonic Current

## (1) Value of "input fundamental current"

- Apply the appropriate value shown in Table 4 based on the kW rating of the motor, irrespective of the inverter type or whether a reactor is used.

  \* If the input voltage is different, calculate the input fundamental current in inverse proportion to the voltage.

Table 4 "Input fundamental currents" of general-purpose inverters determined by the nominal applied motors Nominal applied motor [kW] 0.4 0.75 1.5 2.2 3.7 5.5 7.5 11 15 18.5 200V 1.62 2.74 5.50 7.92 13.0 19.1 25.6 36.9 49.8 61.4 current [A] 400V 0.81 1.37 2.75 3.96 6.50 9.55 12.8 18.5 24.9 30.7 240 394 579 6.6 kV converted value [mA] 49 83 167 776 1121 1509 1860

## (2) Calculation of harmonic current

Table 5 Generated harmonic current [%], 3-phase bridge (capacitor smoothing)

Degree	5th	7th	11th	13th	17th	19th	23th	25th
Without a reactor	65	41	8.5	7.7	4.3	3.1	2.6	1.8
With a reactor (ACR)	38	14.5	7.4	3.4	3.2	1.9	1.7	1.3
With a reactor (DCR)	30	13	8.4	5.0	4.7	3.2	3.0	2.2
With reactors (ACR and DCR)	28	9.1	7.2	4.1	3.2	2.4	1.6	1.4

- ACR: 3%
- DCR: Accumulated energy equal to 0.08 to 0.15ms (100% load conversion)
- Smoothing capacitor: Accumulated energy equal to 15 to 30ms (100% load conversion)

■ nth harmonic current [A] = Fundamental current [A] x Generated nth harmonic current [%]

Calculate the harmonic current of each degree using the following equation:

## (3) Maximum availability factor

- · For a load for elevators, which provides intermittent operation, or a load with a sufficient designed motor rating, reduce the current by multiplying the equation by the "maximum availability factor" of the load.
- The "maximum availability factor of an appliance" means the ratio of the capacity of the harmonic generator in operation at which the availability reaches the maximum, to its total capacity, and the capacity of the generator in operation is an average for 30 minutes.
- . In general, the maximum availability factor is calculated according to this definition, but the standard values shown in Table 6 are recommended for inverters for building equipment.

Table 6 Availability factors of inverters, etc. for building equipment (standard values)

Equipment type	Inverter capacity category	Single inverter availability factor		
At dititt	200kW or less	0.55		
Air conditioning system	Over 200kW	0.60		
Sanitary pump		0.30		
Elevator		0.25		
Refrigerator, freezer	50kW or less	0.60		
UPS (6-pulse)	200kVA	0.60		

## [Correction coefficient according to contract demand level]

 Since the total availability factor decreases with increase in the building scale, calculating reduced harmonics with the correction coefficient's defined in Table 7 below is permitted.

shown in Table 7, calculate the value by interpolation.

Table 7 Correction coefficient according to the building scale \*If the contract demand is between two specified values

Contract demand [kW]	Correction coefficient β
300	1.00
500	0.90
1000	0.85
2000	0.80

## (4) Degree of harmonics to be calculated Calculate only the "5th and 7th" harmonic currents

## Warranty

## To all our customers who purchase Fuji Electric FA Components & Systems' products:

## Please take the following items into consideration when placing your order.

When requesting an estimate and placing your orders for the products included in these materials, please be aware that any items such as specifications which are not specifically mentioned in the contract, catalog, specifications or other materials will be as mentioned below.

In addition, the products included in these materials are limited in the use they are put to and the place where they can be used, etc., and may require periodic inspection. Please confirm these points with your sales representative or directly with this company.

Furthermore, regarding purchased products and delivered products, we request that you take adequate consideration of the necessity of rapid receiving inspections and of product management and maintenance even before receiving your products.

## 1. Free of Charge Warranty Period and Warranty Range

## 1-1 Free of charge warranty period

- (1) The product warranty period is "1 year from the date of purchase" or 24 months from the manufacturing date imprinted on the name place, whichever date is earlier.
- (2) However, in cases where the use environment, conditions of use, use frequency and times used, etc., have an effect on product life, this warranty period may not apply.
- (3) Furthermore, the warranty period for parts restored by Fuji Electric's Service Department is "6 months from the date that repairs are completed."

## 1-2 Warranty range

- (1) In the event that breakdown occurs during the product's warranty period which is the responsibility of Fuji Electric, Fuji Electric will replace or repair the part of the product that has broken down free of charge at the place where the product was purchased or where it was delivered. However, if the following cases are applicable, the terms of this warranty may not apply.
  - The breakdown was caused by inappropriate conditions, environment, handling or use methods, etc. which are not specified in the catalog, operation manual, specifications or other relevant documents.
  - 2) The breakdown was caused by the product other than the purchased or delivered Fuji's product.
  - The breakdown was caused by the product other than Fuji's product, such as the customer's equipment or software design, etc.
  - 4) Concerning the Fuji's programmable products, the breakdown was caused by a program other than a program supplied by this company, or the results from using such a program.
  - 5) The breakdown was caused by modifications or repairs affected by a party other than Fuji Electric.
  - 6) The breakdown was caused by improper maintenance or replacement using consumables, etc. specified in the operation manual or catalog, etc.
  - 7) The breakdown was caused by a chemical or technical problem that was not foreseen when making practical application of the product at the time it was purchased or delivered.
  - 8) The product was not used in the manner the product was originally intended to be used.
  - 9) The breakdown was caused by a reason which is not this company's responsibility, such as lightning or other disaster.
- (2) Furthermore, the warranty specified herein shall be limited to the purchased or delivered product alone.
- (3) The upper limit for the warranty range shall be as specified in item (1) above and any damages (damage to or loss of machinery or equipment, or lost profits from the same, etc.) consequent to or resulting from breakdown of the purchased or delivered product shall be excluded from coverage by this warranty.

## 1-3. Trouble diagnosis

As a rule, the customer is requested to carry out a preliminary trouble diagnosis. However, at the customer's request, this company or its service network can perform the trouble diagnosis on a chargeable basis. In this case, the customer is asked to assume the burden for charges levied in accordance with this company's fee schedule.

## 2. Exclusion of Liability for Loss of Opportunity, etc.

Regardless of whether a breakdown occurs during or after the free of charge warranty period, this company shall not be liable for any loss of opportunity, loss of profits, or damages arising from special circumstances, secondary damages, accident compensation to another company, or damages to products other than this company's products, whether foreseen or not by this company, which this company is not be responsible for causing.

## 3. Repair Period after Production Stop, Spare Parts Supply Period (Holding Period)

Concerning models (products) which have gone out of production, this company will perform repairs for a period of 7 years after production stop, counting from the month and year when the production stop occurs. In addition, we will continue to supply the spare parts required for repairs for a period of 7 years, counting from the month and year when the production stop occurs. However, if it is estimated that the life cycle of certain electronic and other parts is short and it will be difficult to procure or produce those parts, there may be cases where it is difficult to provide repairs or supply spare parts even within this 7-year period. For details, please confirm at our company's business office or our service office.

## 4. Transfer Rights

In the case of standard products which do not include settings or adjustments in an application program, the products shall be transported to and transferred to the customer and this company shall not be responsible for local adjustments or trial operation.

## 5. Service Contents

The cost of purchased and delivered products does not include the cost of dispatching engineers or service costs. Depending on the request, these can be discussed separately.

## 6. Applicable Scope of Service

Above contents shall be assumed to apply to transactions and use of the country where you purchased the products. Consult the local supplier or Fuji for the detail separately.



## Variation

## ●The rich lineup of the active Fuji inverter family

Applications	Series Name (Catalog No.)	Features				
		High-performance, multi-function inverter Capacity range expanded				
General Industrial equipment	FRENIC5000G11S (MEH403 for JE) (MEH413 for EN)	<ul> <li>(Three-phase 200V: 0.2 to 90kW, Three-phase 400V: 0.4 to 630kW)</li> <li>Fuji's original dynamic torque vector control system delivers a starting torque of 200% at 0.5Hz.</li> <li>These inverters are packed with a full range of convenient functions, beginning with an auto tuning function.</li> <li>Compact, fully enclosed (22kW and below), and with a wide range of variations, from 0.2 to 400k</li> </ul>				
	FRENIC5000P11S (MEH403)	Capacity range expanded  Fan, pump inverter (Three-phase 200V: 5.5 to 110kW, Three-phase 400V: 5.5 to 710kW)  • Suitable for fans and pumps. • The built-in automatic energy-saving function makes energy saving operation easy. • An interactive keypad is standard-equipped for ease of operation.				
	FRENIC-Multi (MEH652 for JE) (MEH653 for EN)	High performance, compact inverter  (Three-phase 200V: 0.1 to 15kW, Single-phase 200V: 0.1 to 2.2kW, Three-phase 400V: 0.4 to 15kW)  The inverter featuring environment-friendly and long life design (10 years) complies with R0HS Directives (products manufactured beginning in the autumn of 2005).  With expanded capacity range, abundant model variation, and simple and thorough maintenance, the Multi is usable for a wide range of applications.  Equipped with the functions optimum for the operations specific to vertical and horizontal				
	FRENIC-Eco (MEH442)	Fan, pump inverter (for variable torque load)  (Three-phase 200V: 0.75 to 110kW, Three-phase 400V: 0.75 to 560kW)  Developed exclusively for controlling variable torque load like fans and pumps.  Full of new functions such as auto energy saving, PID control, life warning, and switching sequence to the commercial power supply.  Ideal for air conditioners, fans, pumps, etc. which were difficult to use with conventional general-purpose inverters because of cost or functions.				
	FRENIC-Mini (MEH451 for EN)	Compact inverter (Three-phase 200V: 0.1 to 3.7kW, Three-phase 400V: 0.4 to 3.7kW, Single-phase 200V: 0.1 to 2.2kW, Single-phase 100V: 0.1 to 0.75kW)  A frequency setting device is standard-equipped, making operation simple.  Loaded with auto torque boost, current limiting, and slip compensation functions, all of which are ideal for controlling traverse conveyors.  Loaded with the functions for auto energy saving operation and PID control, which are ideal for controlling fans and pumps.				
	FRENIC5000VG7S (MEH405)	High performance, vector control inverter (Three-phase 200V: 0.75 to 90kW, Three-phase 400V: 3.7 to 630kW)  • A high precision inverter with rapid control response and stable torque characteristics.  • Abundant functions and a full range of options make this inverter ideal for a broad range of general industrial systems.  • The auto tuning function makes vector control operation possible even for general-purpose motors.				
	FRENIC5000MG5	Inverter with the power supply regeneration function (Three-phase 200V: 3.7 to 45kW)  • A separate converter is used, and up to 2 drive units can be connected to a single converter unit. • The power regeneration function is standard-equipped in the converter unit. • These inverters can be used for general-purpose motors.				
High frequency operation	FRENIC5000H11S	High frequency inverter (Three-phase 200V: 2.2 to 18.5kW)  • Fuji's original sine wave PWM control system delivers stable operation from the low speed range to the high speed range.  • Capable of handling output frequencies from 1 to 1667Hz.  • The desired V/f pattern can be set and polygonal line frequency can be set to match the motor characteristics.				
Controlling machine tool	FRENIC5000MS5 (MEH391)	Machine tool spindle drive system (Three-phase 200V: 0.75 to 45kW)  The separated converter allows you to configure a multi-axis system.  Free combinations are made possible such as torque vector/high performance vector control and dynamic braking/power regeneration.  Abundant option functions enable multitasking machining with a machine tool.				



## When running general-purpose motors

## Driving a 400V general-purpose motor

When driving a 400V general-purpose motor with an inverter using extremely long cables, damage to the insulation of the motor may occur. Use an output circuit filter (OFL) if necessary after checking with the motor manufacturer. Fuji's motors do not require the use of output circuit filters because of their reinforced insulation.

• Torque characteristics and temperature rise When the inverter is used to run a general-purpose motor, the temperature of the motor becomes higher than when it is operated using a commercial power supply. In the low-speed range, the cooling effect will be weakened, so decrease the output torque of the motor. If constant torque is required in the low-speed range, use a Fuji inverter motor or a motor equipped with an externally powered ventilating fan.

## Vibration

When the motor is mounted to a machine, resonance may be caused by the natural frequencies, including that of the machine. Operation of a 2-pole motor at 60Hz or more may cause abnormal vibration.

- \* Study use of tier coupling or dampening rubber.
- \* It is also recommended to use the inverter jump frequency control to avoid resonance points.

## · Noise

When an inverter is used with a general-purpose motor, the motor noise level is higher than that with a commercial power supply. To reduce noise, raise carrier frequency of the inverter. High-speed operation at 60Hz or more can also result in more noise.

## When running special motors

## High-speed motors

When driving a high-speed motor while setting the frequency higher than 120Hz, test the combination with another motor to confirm the safety of high-speed motors.

## Explosion-proof motors

When driving an explosion-proof motor with an inverter, use a combination of a motor and an inverter that has been approved in advance.

## . Submersible motors and pumps

These motors have a larger rated current than general-purpose motors. Select an inverter whose rated output current is greater than that of the motor.

These motors differ from general-purpose motors in thermal characteristics. Set a low value in the thermal time constant of the motor when setting the electronic thermal facility.

## Brake motors

For motors equipped with parallel-connected brakes, their braking power must be supplied from the primary circuit (commercial power supply). If the brake power is connected to the inverter power output circuit (secondary circuit) by mistake, problems may occur.

Do not use inverters for driving motors equipped with series-connected brakes.

## Geared motors

If the power transmission mechanism uses an oil-

lubricated gearbox or speed changer/reducer, then continuous motor operation at low speed may cause poor lubrication. Avoid such operation.

## Synchronous motors

It is necessary to use software suitable for this motor type. Contact Fuji for details.

## Single-phase motors

Single-phase motors are not suitable for inverterdriven variable speed operation. Use three-phase motors.

\* Even if a single-phase power supply is available, use a three-phase motor as the inverter provides three-phase output.

## **Environmental conditions**

## Installation location

Use the inverter in a location with an ambient temperature range of -10 to 50°C.

The inverter and braking resistor surfaces become hot under certain operating conditions. Install the inverter on nonflammable material such as metal. Ensure that the installation location meets the environmental conditions specified in "Environment" in inverter specifications.

## Combination with peripheral devices

## Installing a molded case circuit breaker (MCCB)

Install a recommended molded case circuit breaker (MCCB) or an earth leakage circuit breaker (ELCB) in the primary circuit of each inverter to protect the wiring. Ensure that the circuit breaker capacity is equivalent to or lower than the recommended capacity.

## Installing a magnetic contactor (MC) in the output (secondary) circuit

in the output (secondary) circuit

If a magnetic contactor (MC) is mounted in the inverter's secondary circuit for switching the motor to commercial power or for any other purpose, ensure that both the inverter and the motor are fully stopped before you turn the MC on or off. Remove the surge killer integrated with the MC.

## Installing a magnetic contactor (MC) in the input (primary) circuit

Do not turn the magnetic contactor (MC) in the primary circuit on or off more than once an hour as an inverter fault may result. If frequent starts or stops are required during motor operation, use FWD/REV signals.

## · Protecting the motor

The electronic thermal facility of the inverter can protect the motor. The operation level and the motor type (general-purpose motor, inverter motor) should be set. For high-speed motors or water-cooled motors, set a small value for the thermal time constant to protect the motor.

If you connect the motor thermal relay to the motor with a long cable, a high-frequency current may flow into the wiring stray capacitance. This may cause the relay to trip at a current lower than the set value for the thermal relay. If this happens, lower the carrier frequency or use the output circuit filter (OFL).

## Discontinuance of power-factor correcting capacitor Do not mount power factor correcting capacitors in the inverter (primary) circuit. (Use the DC REACTOR to improve the inverter power factor.) Do

not use power factor correcting capacitors in the inverter output circuit (secondary). An overcurrent trip will occur, disabling motor operation.

## · Discontinuance of surge killer

Do not mount surge killers in the inverter output (secondary) circuit.

## Reducing noise

Use of a filter and shielded wires are typical measures against noise to ensure that EMC Directives are met. Refer to "Inverter design technical document (MHT221)" for details.

## · Measures against surge currents

If an overvoltage trip occurs while the inverter is stopped or operated under a light load, it is assumed that the surge current is generated by open/close of the phase-advancing capacitor in the power system.

We recommend connecting a DC REACTOR to the inverter

## Megger test

When checking the insulation resistance of the inverter, use a 500V megger and follow the instructions contained in the Instruction Manual.

## Wiring

## Wiring distance of control circuit

When performing remote operation, use the twisted shield wire and limit the distance between the inverter and the control box to 20m.

## · Wiring length between inverter and motor

If long wiring is used between the inverter and the motor, the inverter will overheat or trip as a result of overcurrent (high-frequency current flowing into the stray capacitance) in the wires connected to the phases. Ensure that the wiring is shorter than 50m. If this length must be exceeded, lower the carrier frequency or mount an output circuit filter (OFL).

## Wiring size

Select cables with a sufficient capacity by referring to the current value or recommended wire size.

## Wiring type

Do not use multicore cables that are normally used for connecting several inverters and motors.

## Grounding

Securely ground the inverter using the grounding terminal.

## Selecting inverter capacity

## Driving general-purpose motor

Select an inverter according to the applicable motor ratings listed in the standard specifications table for the inverter. When high starting torque is required or quick acceleration or deceleration is required, select an inverter with a capacity one size greater than the standard.

## Driving special motors

Select an inverter that meets the following condition: Inverter rated current > Motor rated current.

## Transportation and storage

When transporting or storing inverters, follow the procedures and select locations that meet the environmental conditions that agree with the inverter specifications.

## Fuji Electric FA Components & Systems Co., Ltd.

Mitsui Sumitomo Bank Ningyo-cho Bldg., 5-7,Nihonbashi Odemma-cho,Chuo-ku,Tokyo 103-0011,Japan Phone: +81-3-5847-8011 Fax: +81-3-5847-8172

